

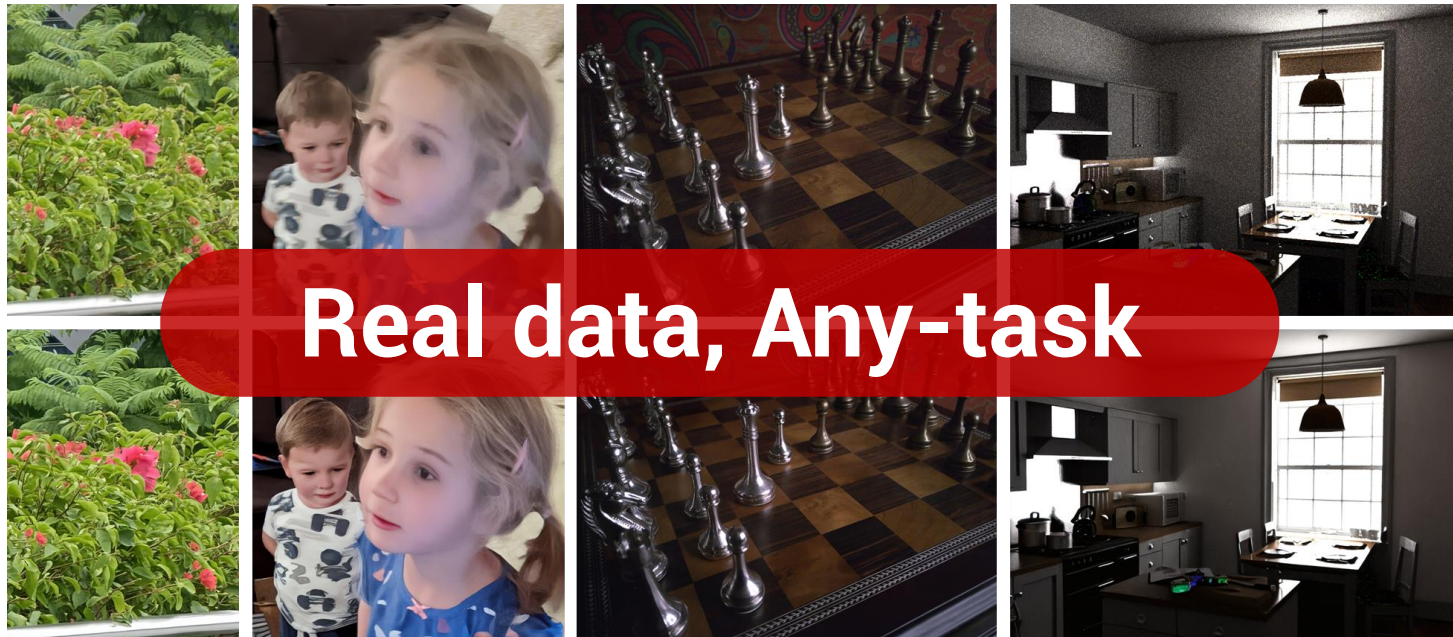
Generative Image Restoration:

from regression to generation

Zhixiang Wang

PhD student
University of Tokyo

Outline



Outline



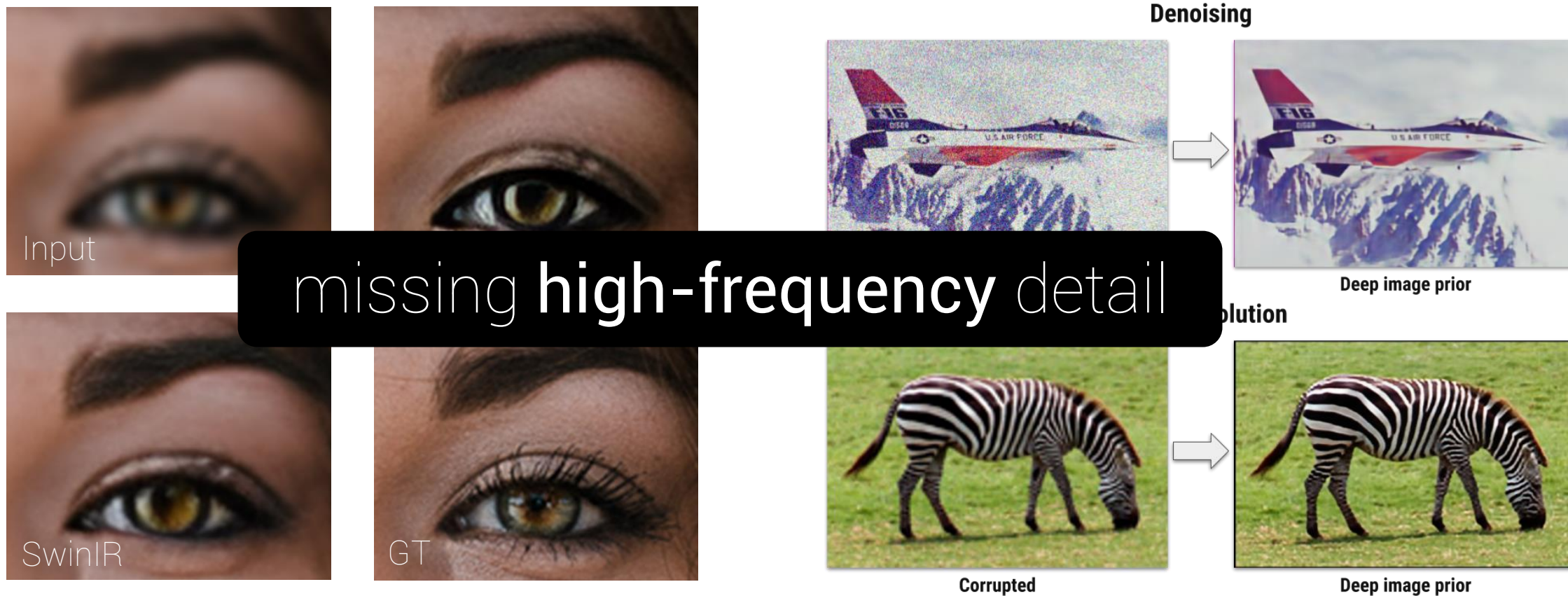
Part I: image restoration with diffusion prior

Concurrent works

StableSR, DiffBIR

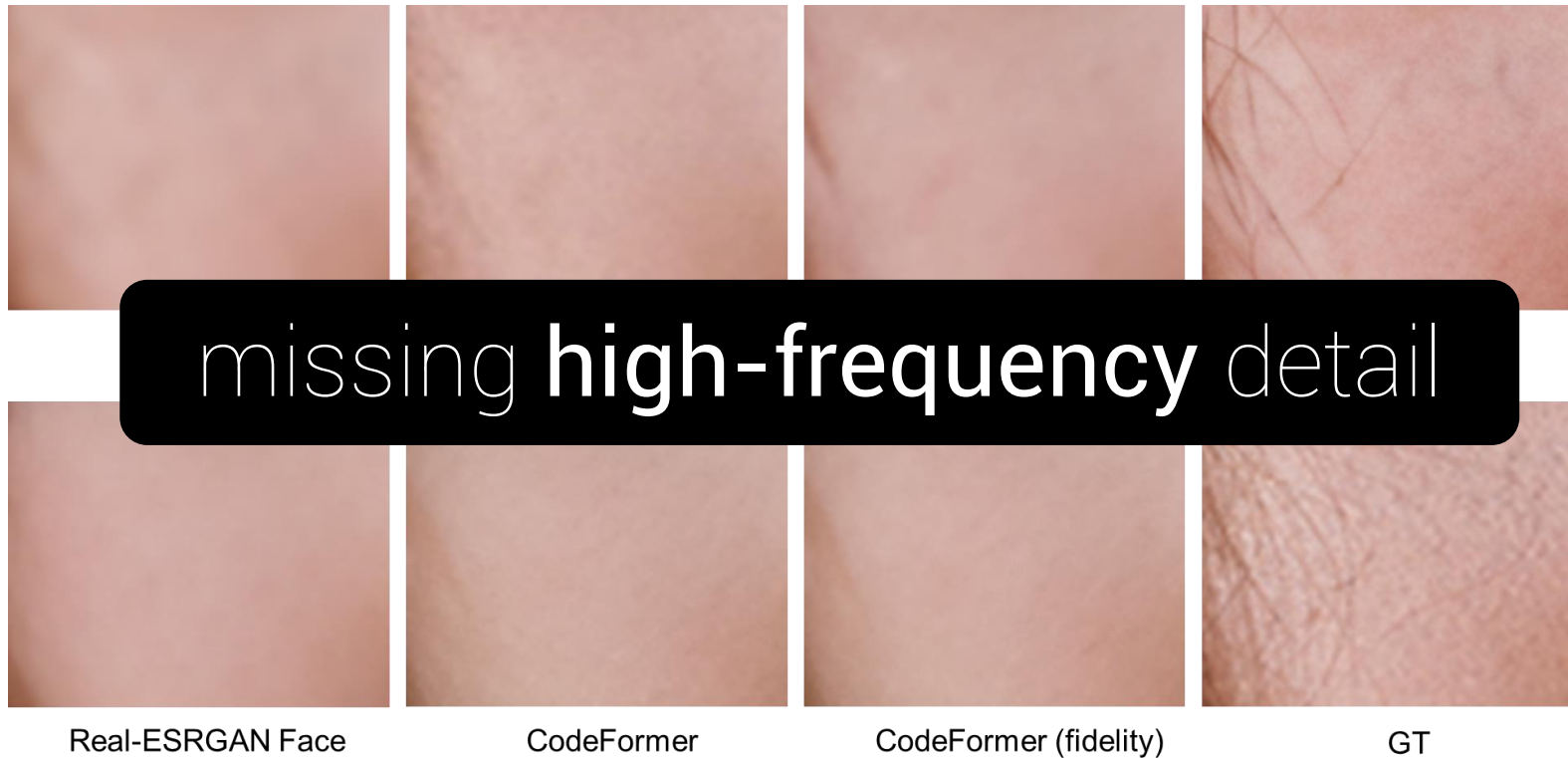
Motivation: details

- **Existing works:** supervised learning and self-supervised method



Motivation: details

- ▶ **Existing works:** +class specific generative prior
 - ▶ e.g., GLEAN, CodeFormer (can only process specific classes)

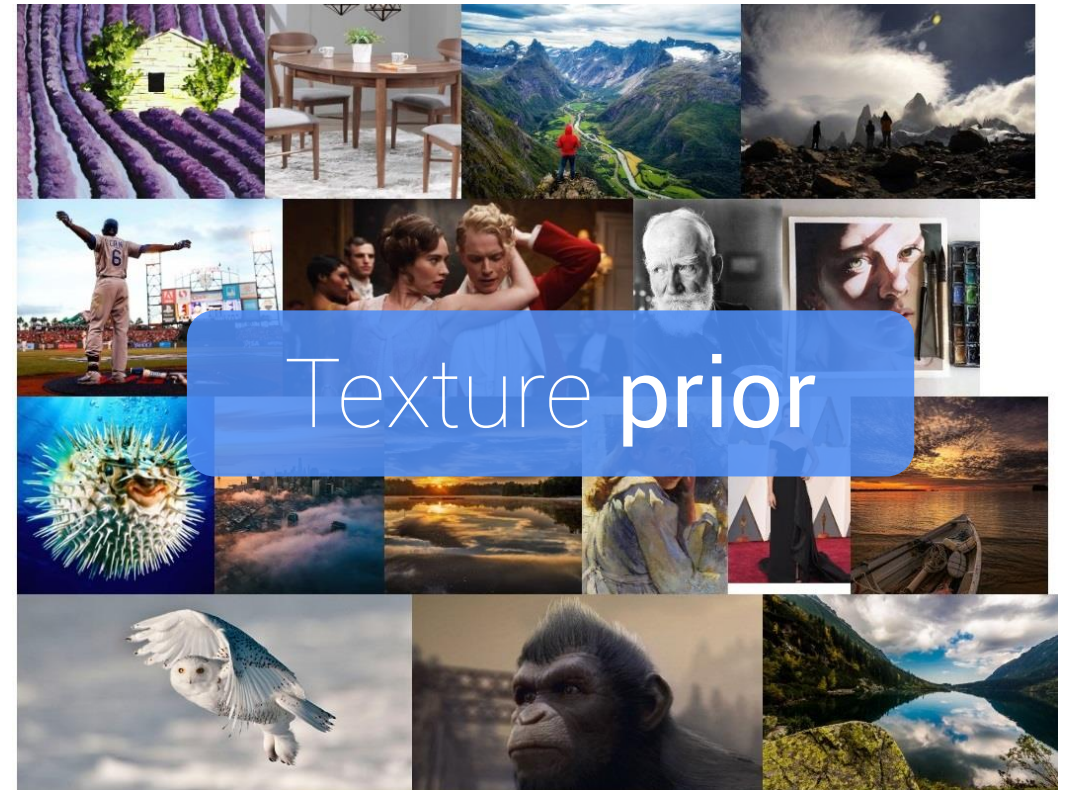


The opportunity raising by stable diffusion

- ▶ Training data
 - ▶ Small size (700 K) → Huge Size (5 B)
 - ▶ Restricted → Unrestricted
 - ▶ 1 class → many classes
 - ▶ Cropped → uncropped

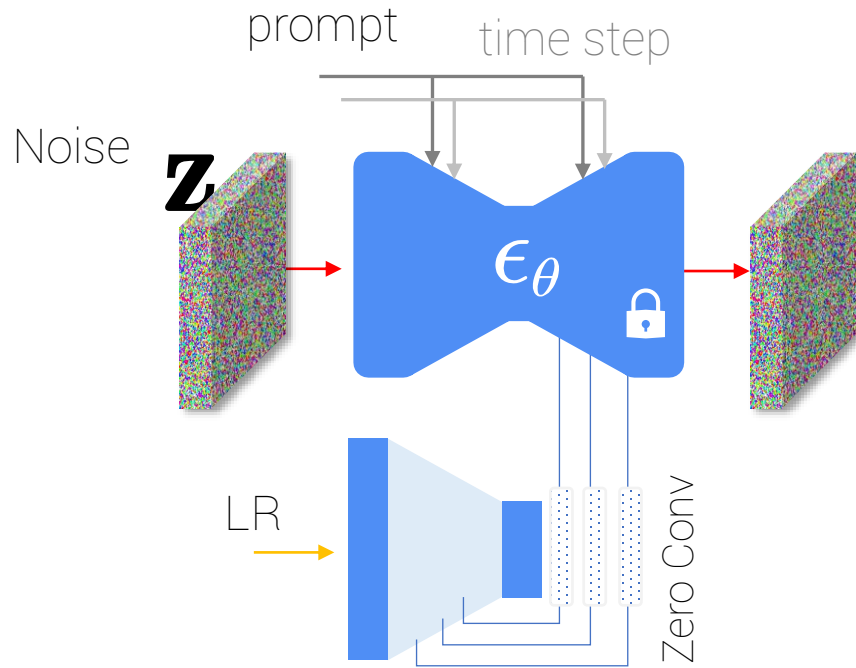


StyleGAN face



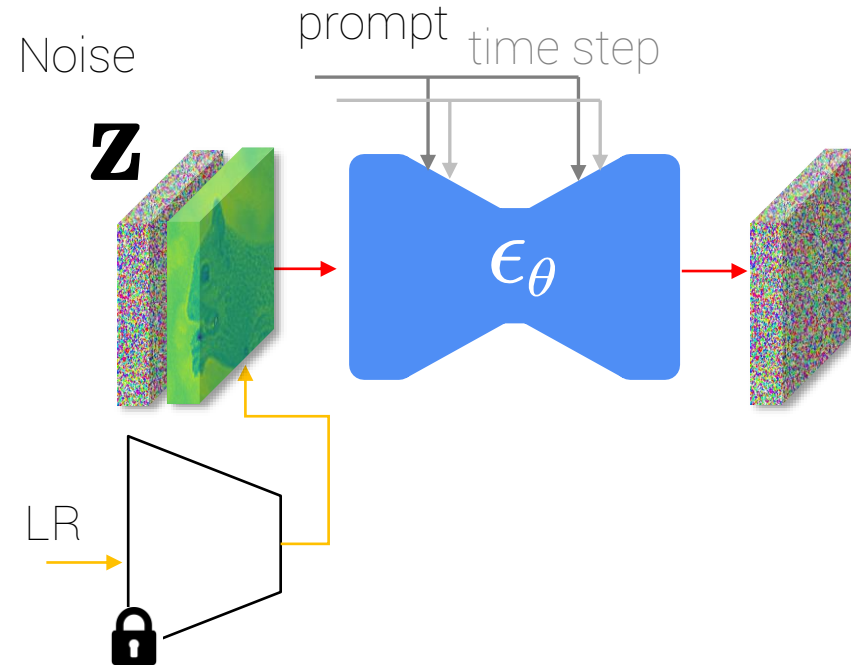
LAION-5B

How to use it? **Fine-tuning**



ControlNet Style

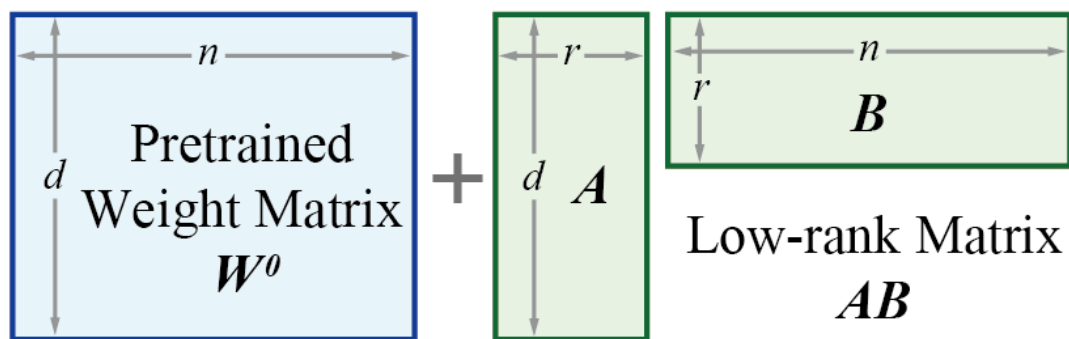
StableSR, DiffBIR



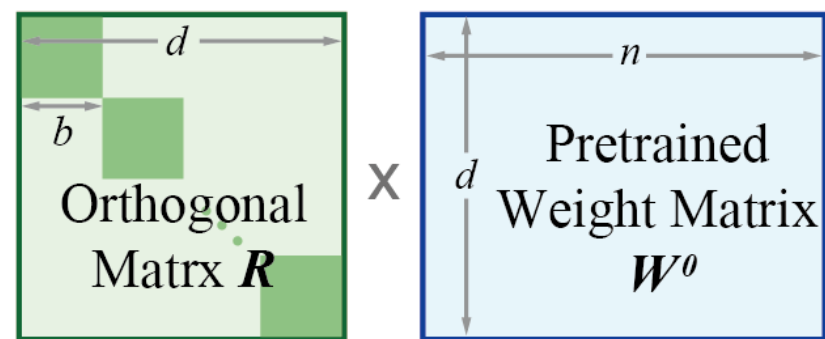
ConCat Style

Instruct-Pix2Pix, Ours

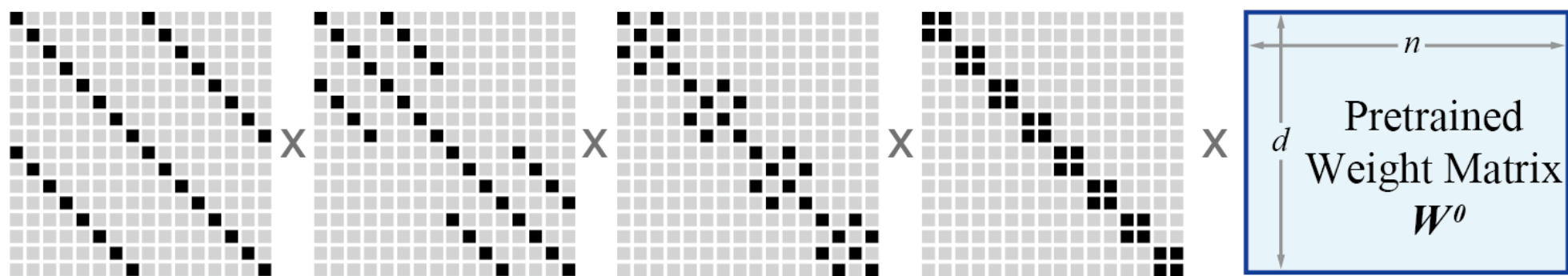
Other fine-tune methods



(a) Low-rank Structure in LoRA

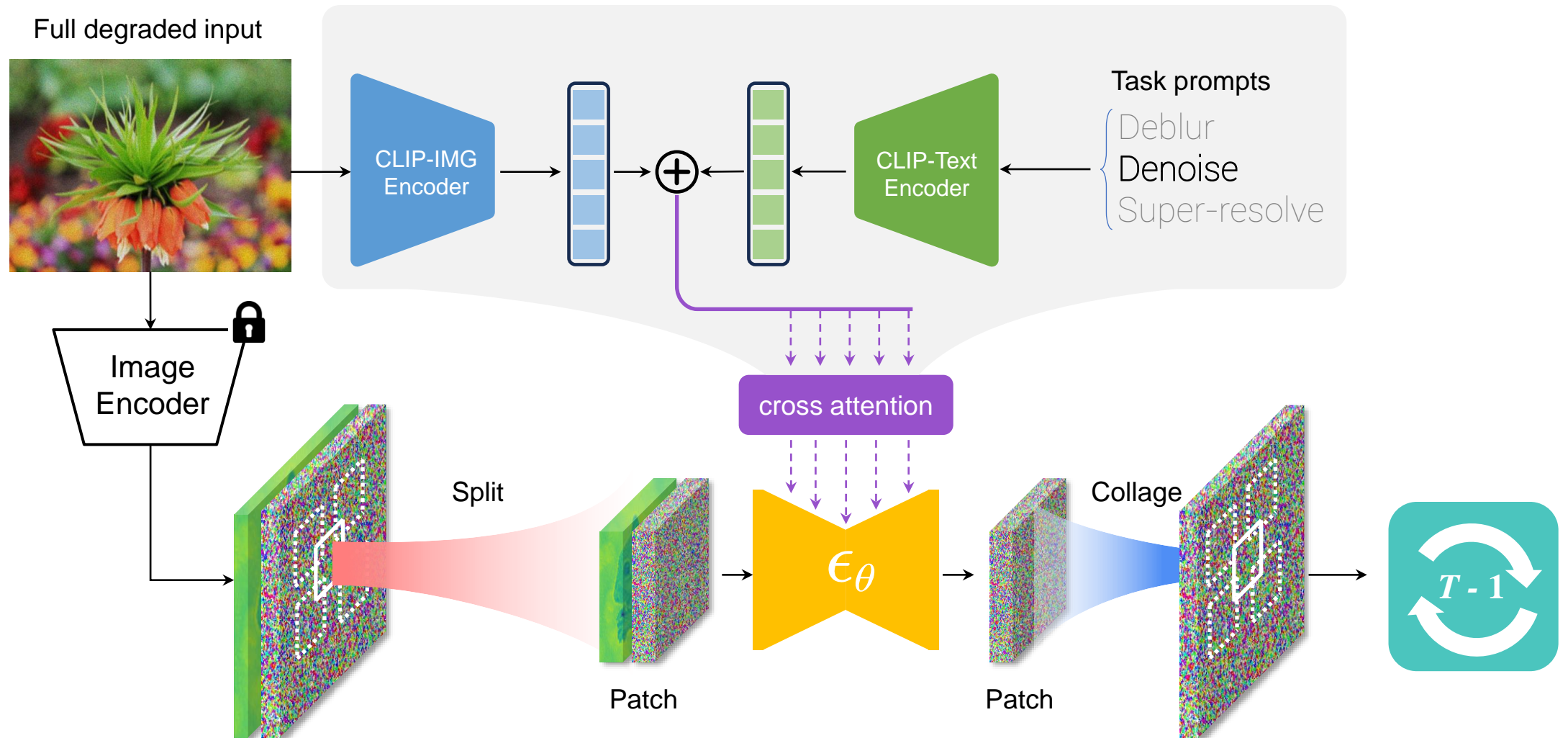


(b) Orthogonal Structure in OFT



(c) Butterfly Orthogonal Structure in BOFT

Method: fine-tune patch-based diffusion



Input



SCUNET



SwinIR

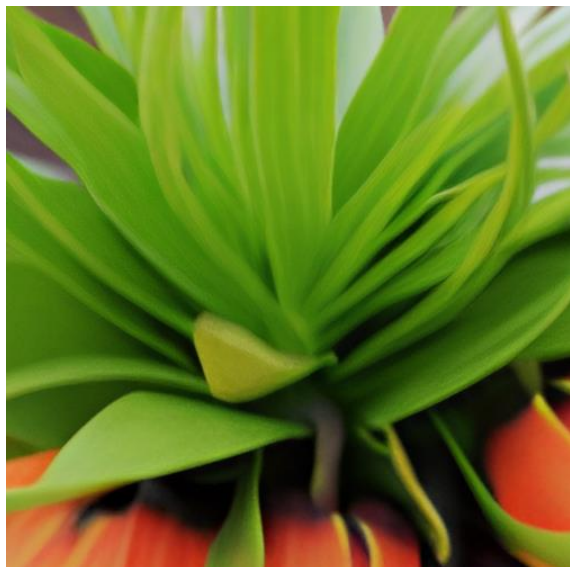


Ours

Input



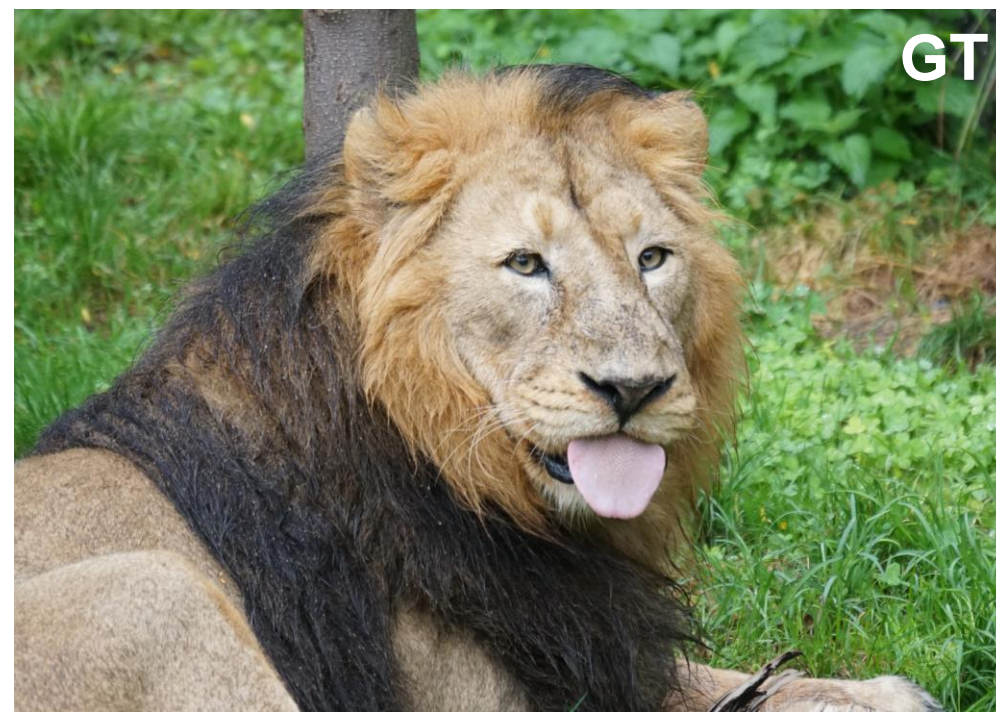
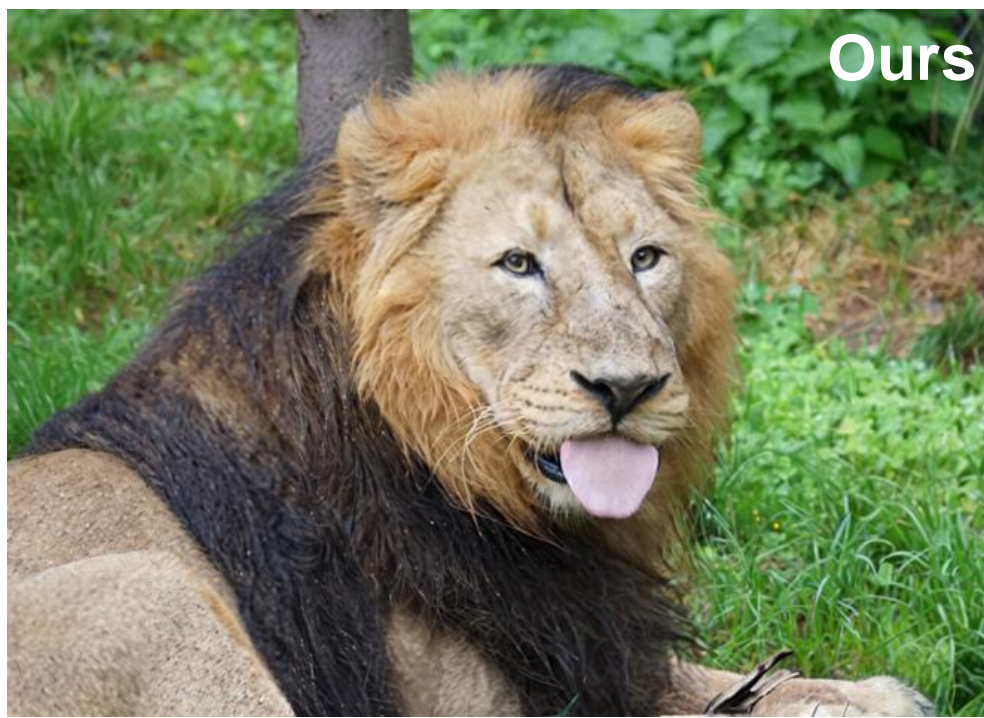
SCUNET



SwinIR

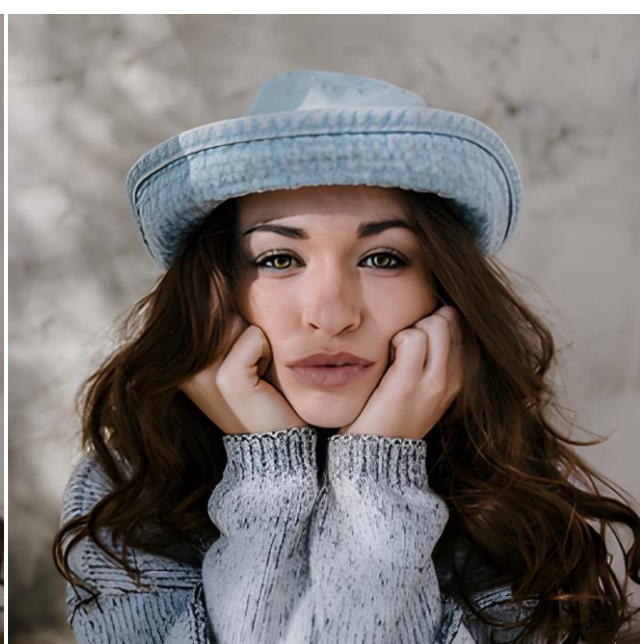


Ours

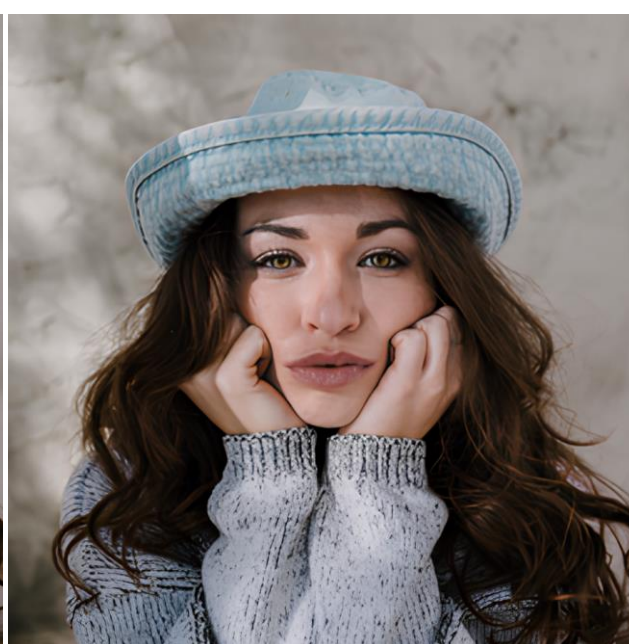




Input



Real-ESRGAN



SwinIR



Ours



Real-ESRGAN Face



CodeFormer



CodeFormer (fidelity)



GT



Input



Real-ESRGAN



SwinIR



Ours



Real-ESRGAN Face



CodeFormer



CodeFormer (fidelity)



GT



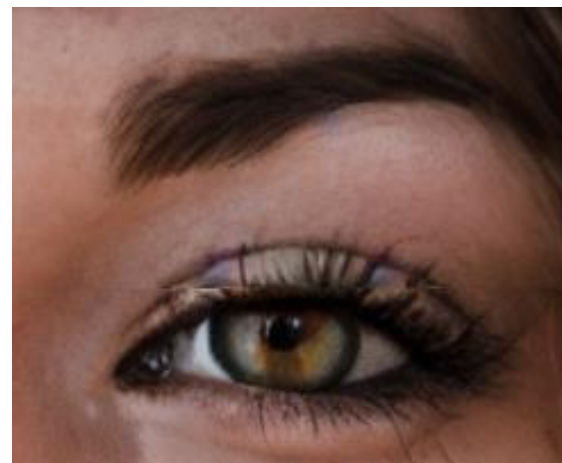
Input



Real-ESRGAN



SwinIR



Ours



Real-ESRGAN Face



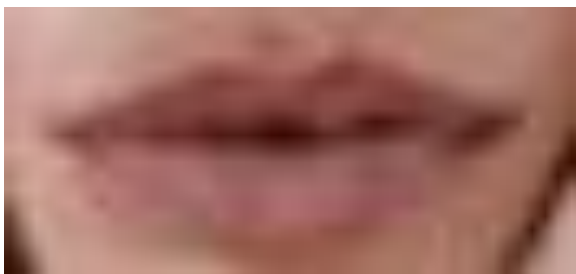
CodeFormer



CodeFormer (fidelity)



GT



Input



Real-ESRGAN



SwinIR



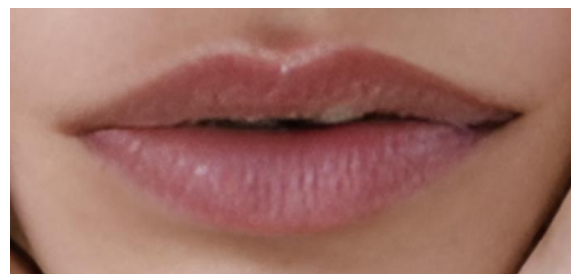
Ours



Real-ESRGAN Face



CodeFormer



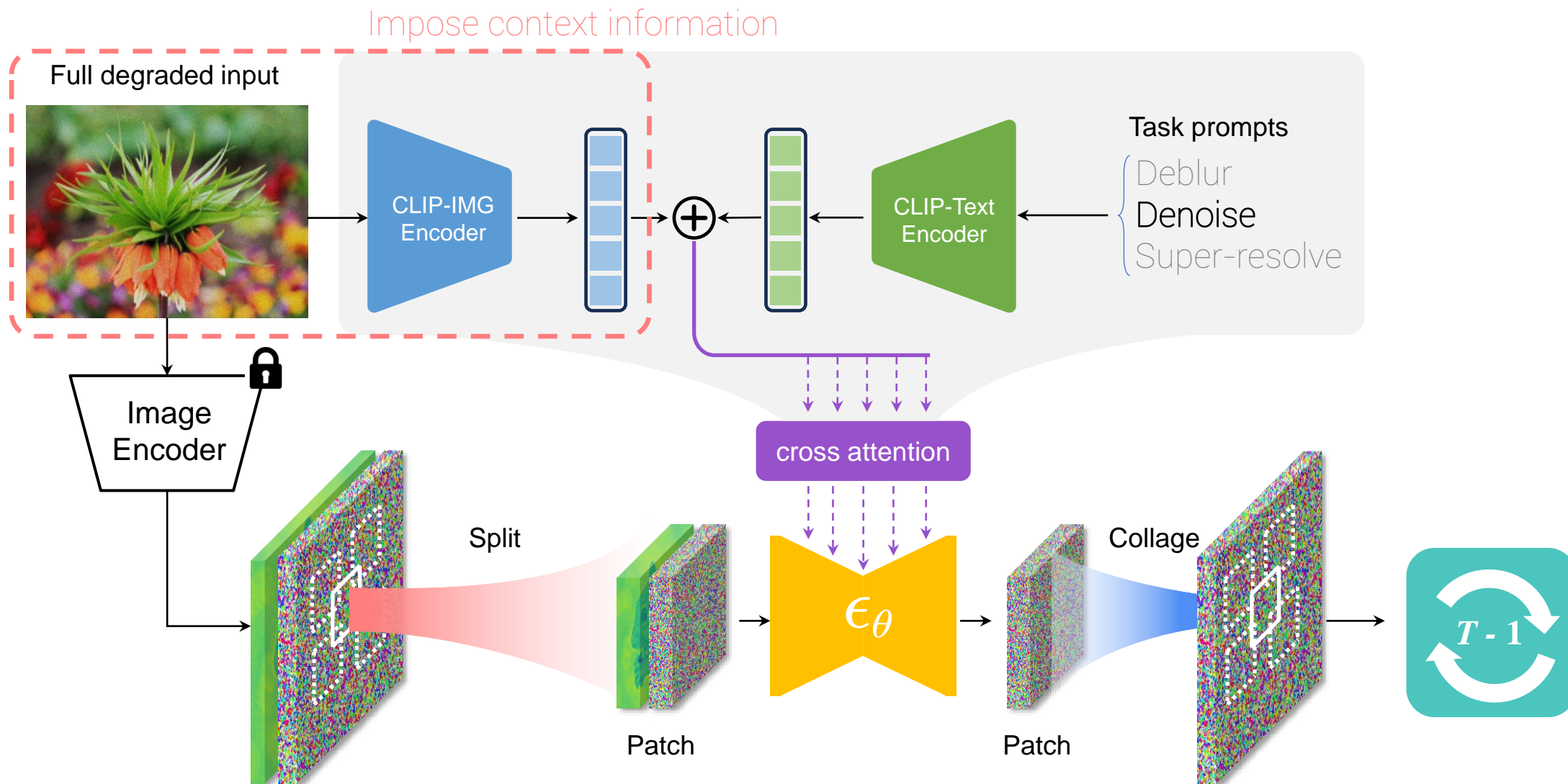
CodeFormer (fidelity)



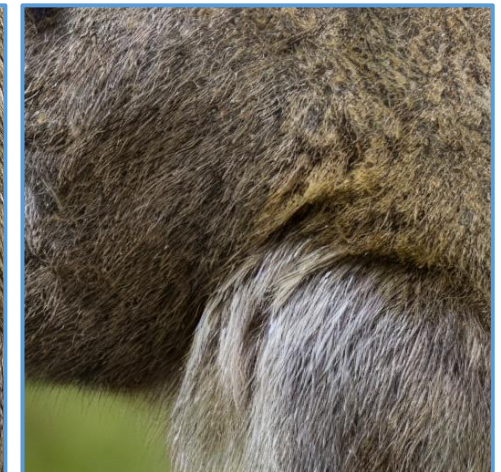
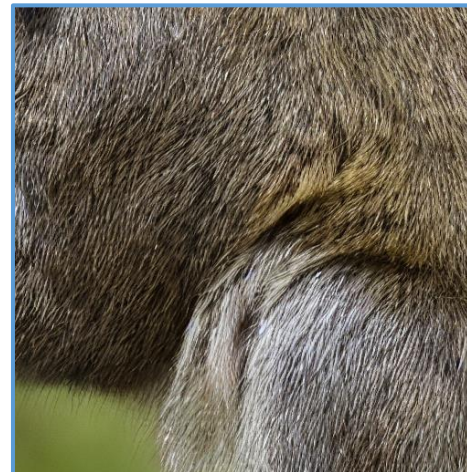
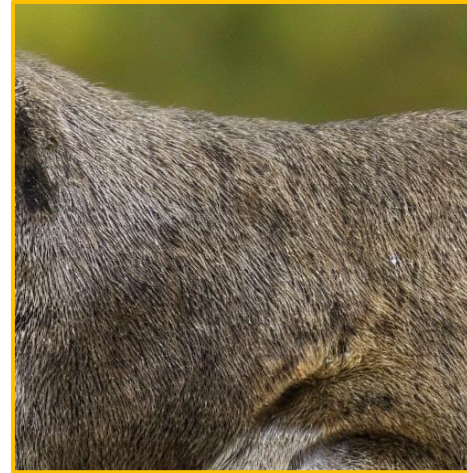
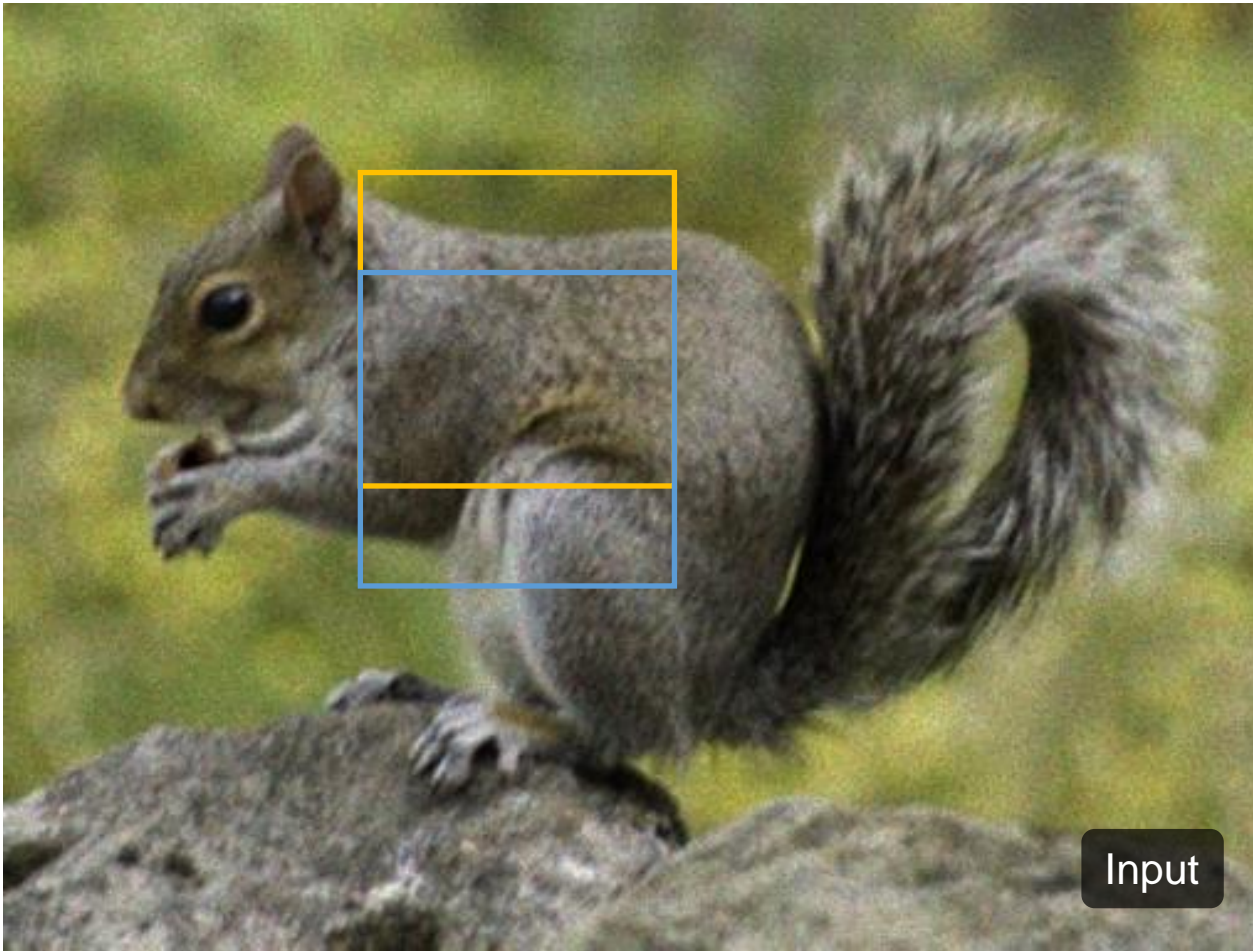
GT

Face-specific restoration

Discussion: why the design



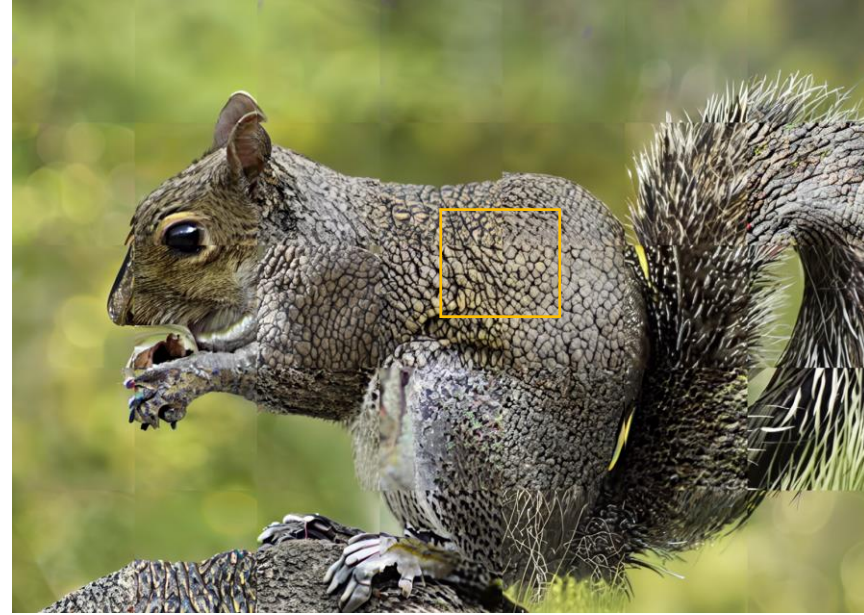
Discussion: why the design



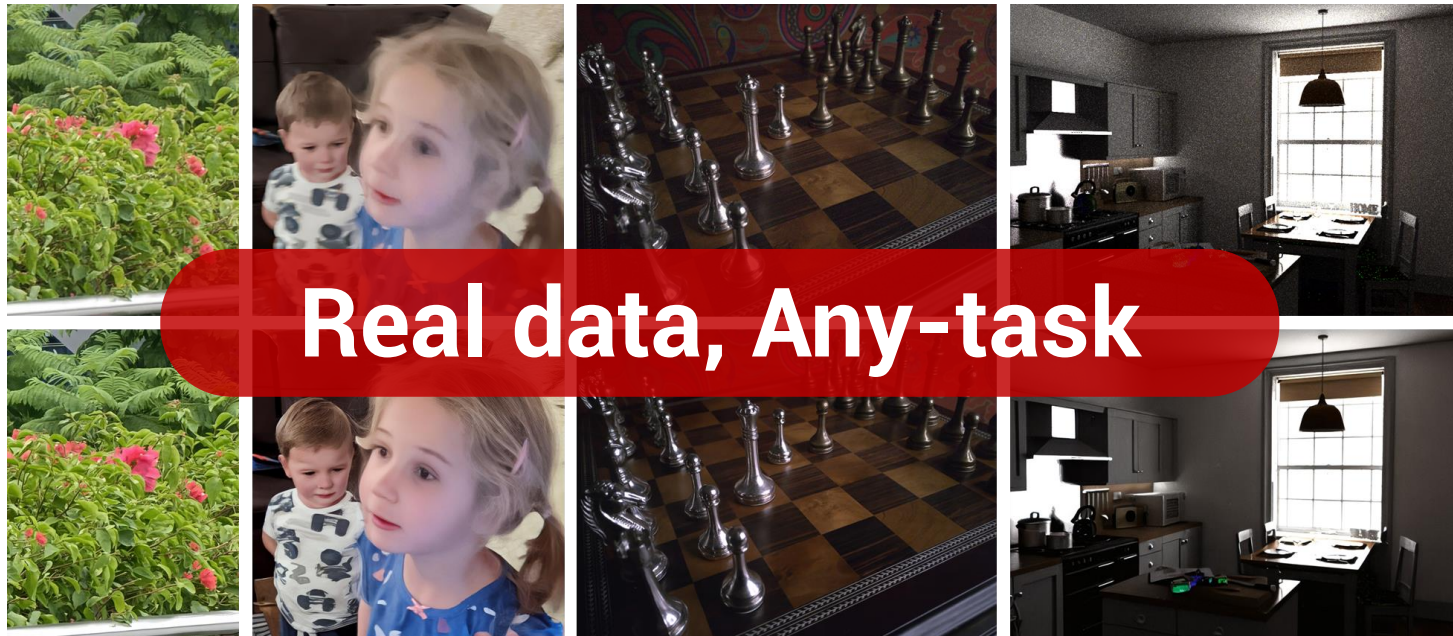
w/ context

w/o context

Discussion: why the design



Outline



Part II: controllable restoration with text-guided diffusion

Mobile SR



Mobile motion deblur



Mobile denoising

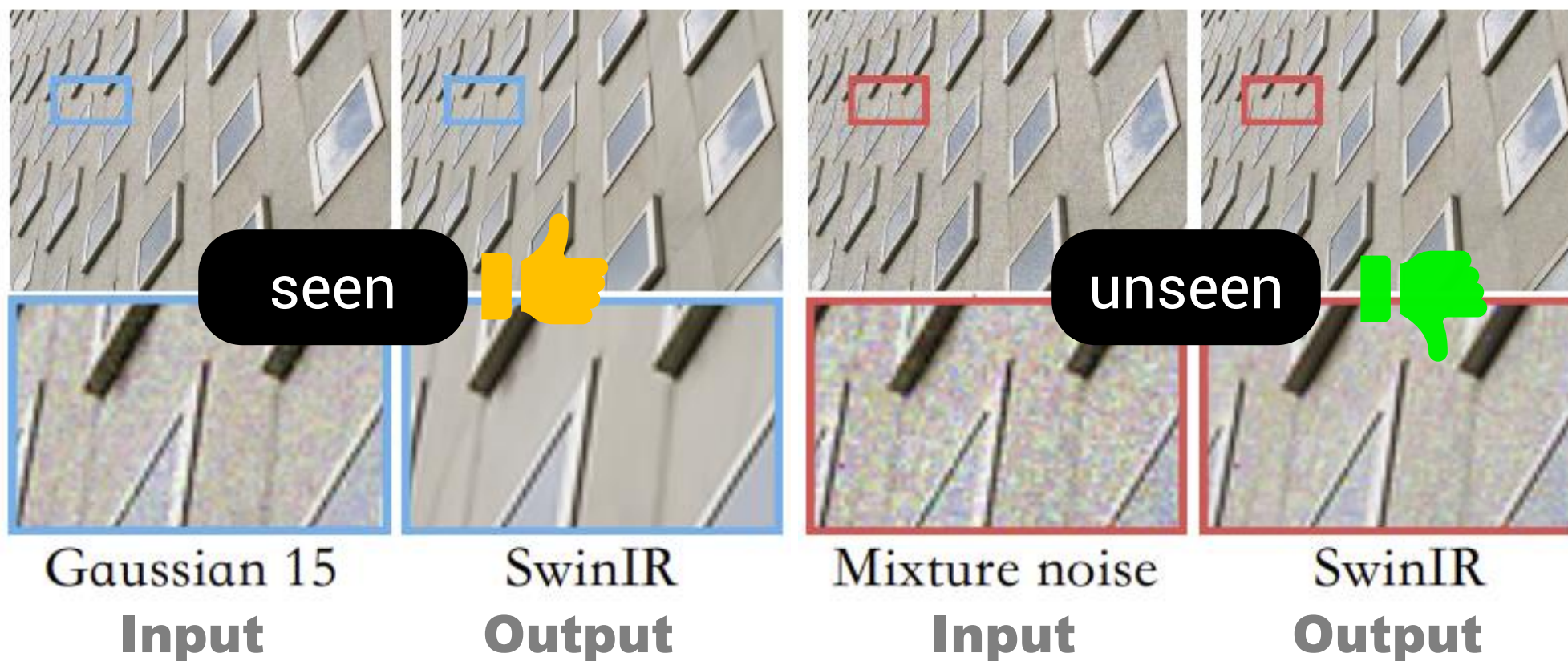


Rendering denoising

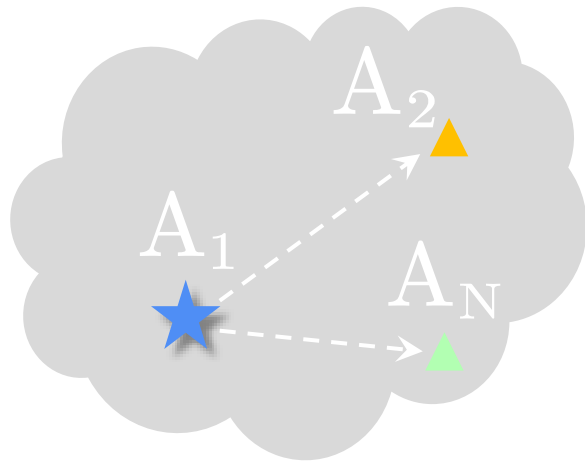


Motivation: generalization

- Existing methods: *poor* generalizability



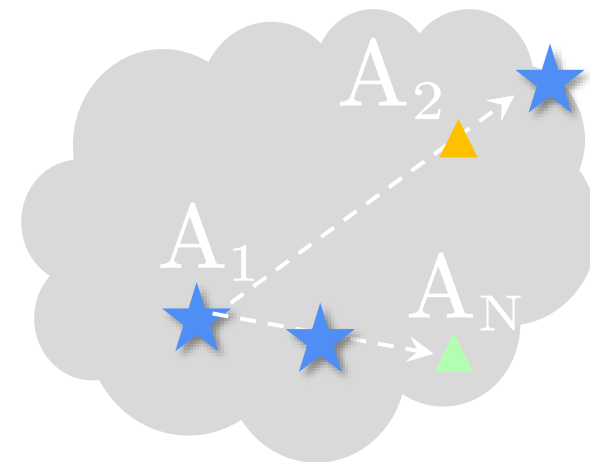
Motivation: generalization



Testing on many unseen degradations

Naiive ideas

- ▶ Degradation augmentation/randomization
 - ▶ Like, Real-ESRGAN
- ▶ Controllable
- ▶ Degradation-invariant representation learning
 - ▶ Content prior
 - ▶ Masked image modeling

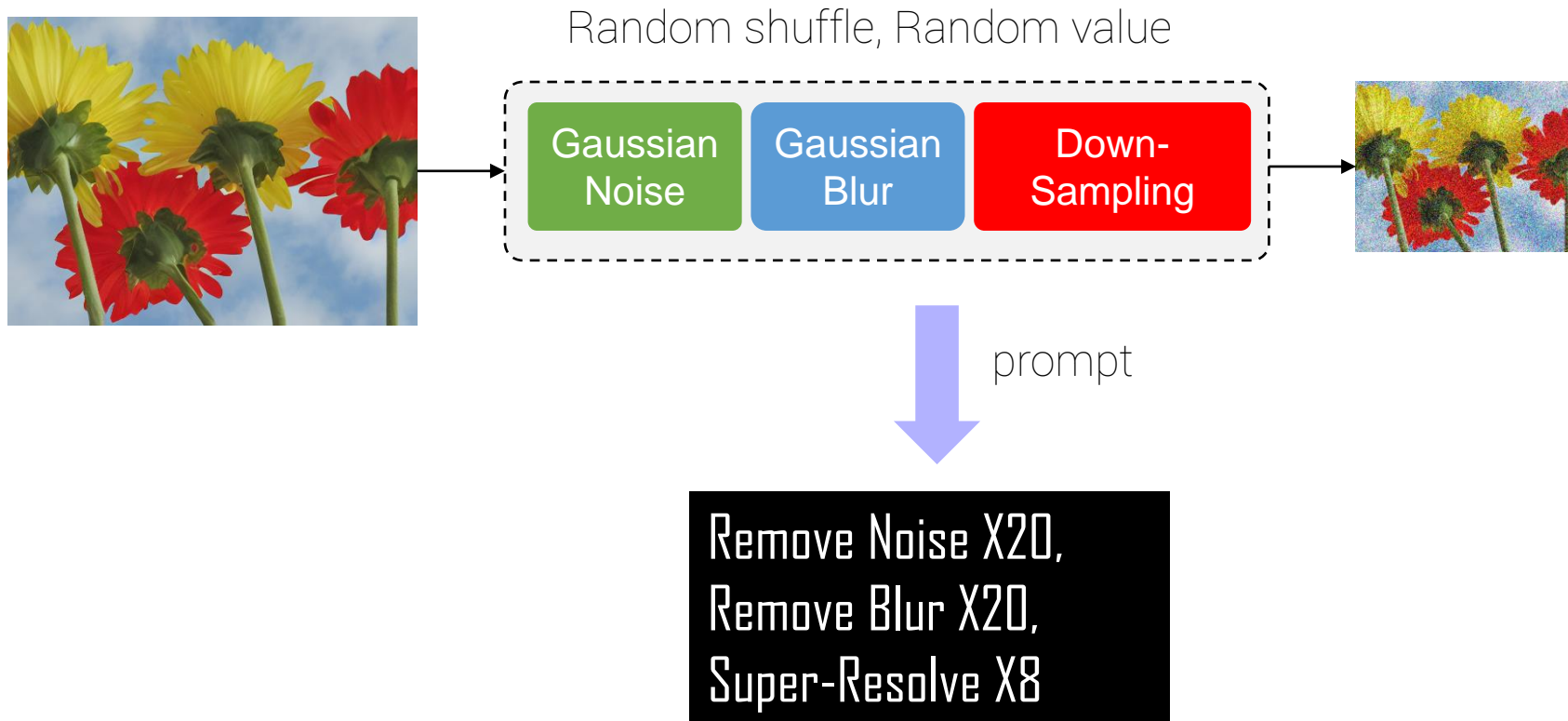


$$y = A \otimes x$$

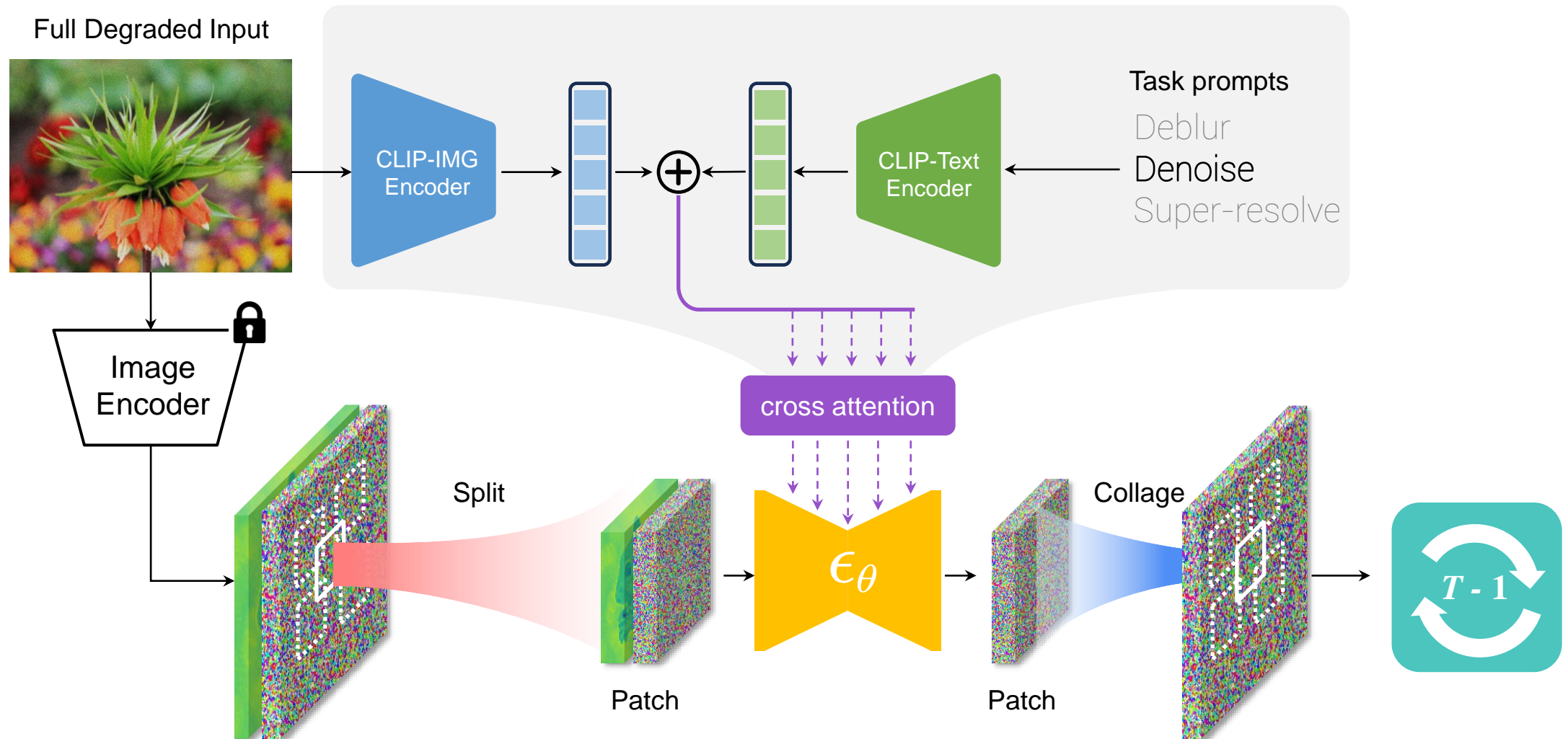
The equation is represented by three rounded rectangular boxes. The first box is teal and contains the variable y . This is followed by an equals sign. The second box is blue and contains the variable A . This is followed by a circle with an 'X' inside, representing the convolution operation. The final box is red and contains the variable x .

Method: degradation augmentation

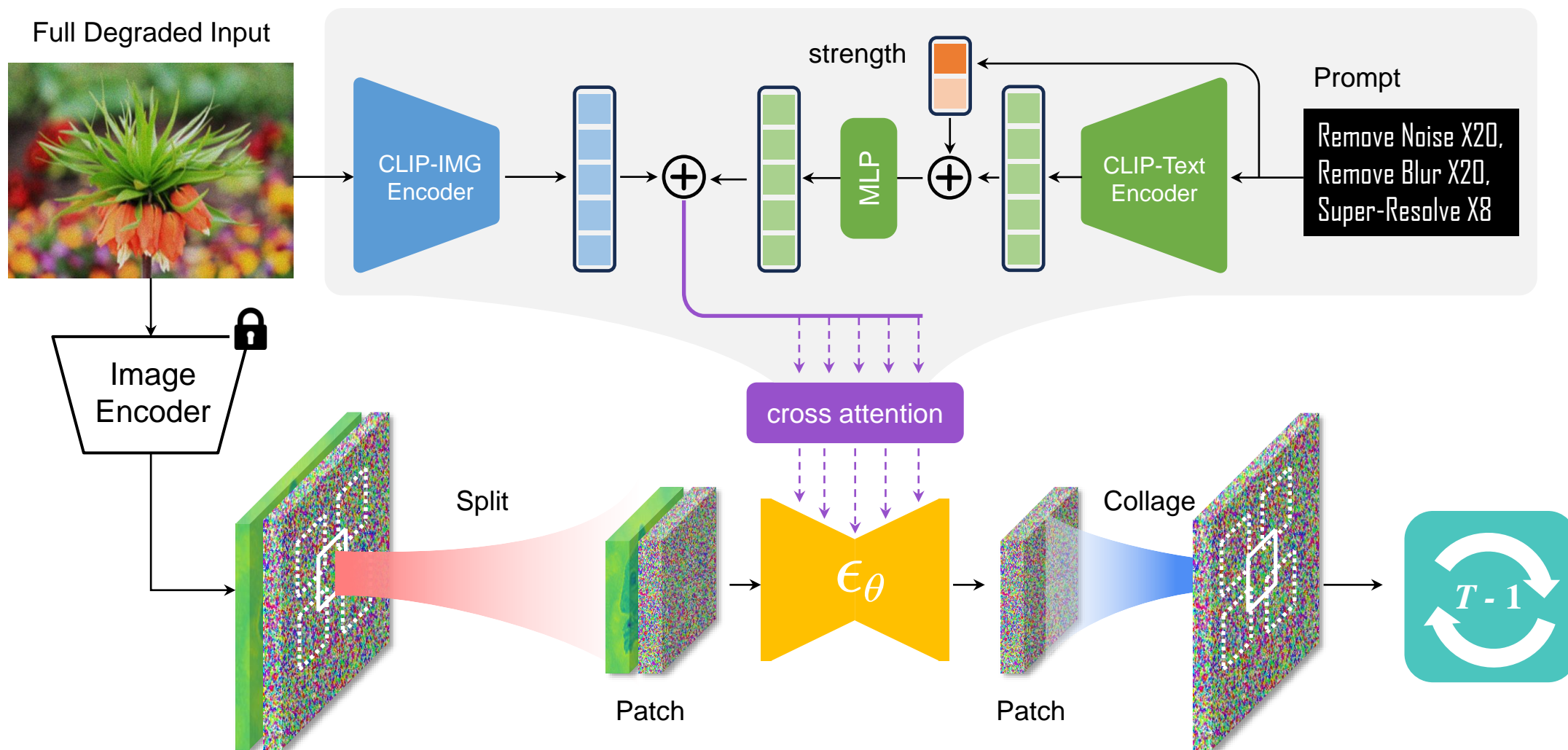
- Synthesize image and text prompt



Method: fine tune diffusion model



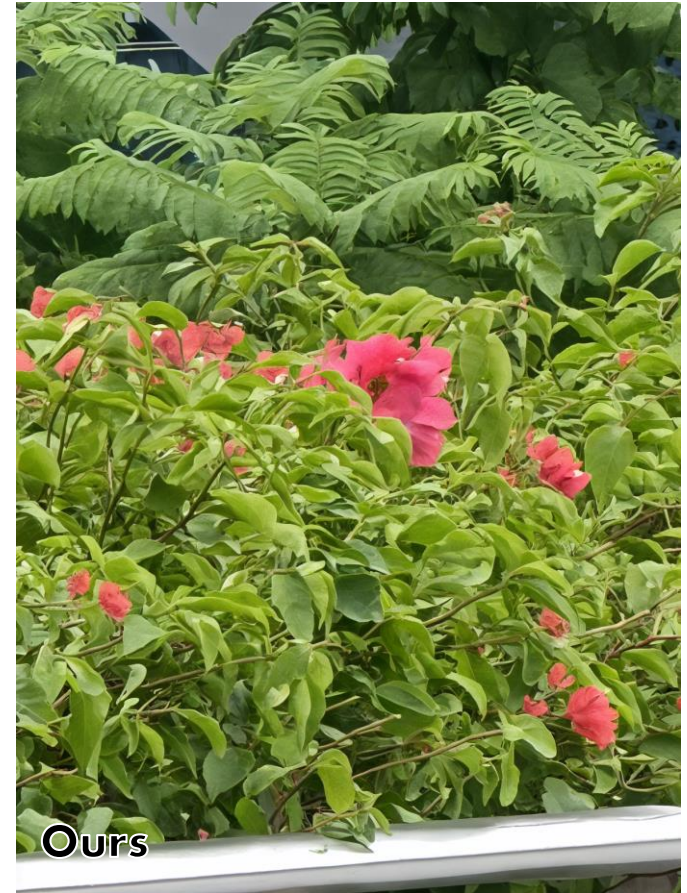
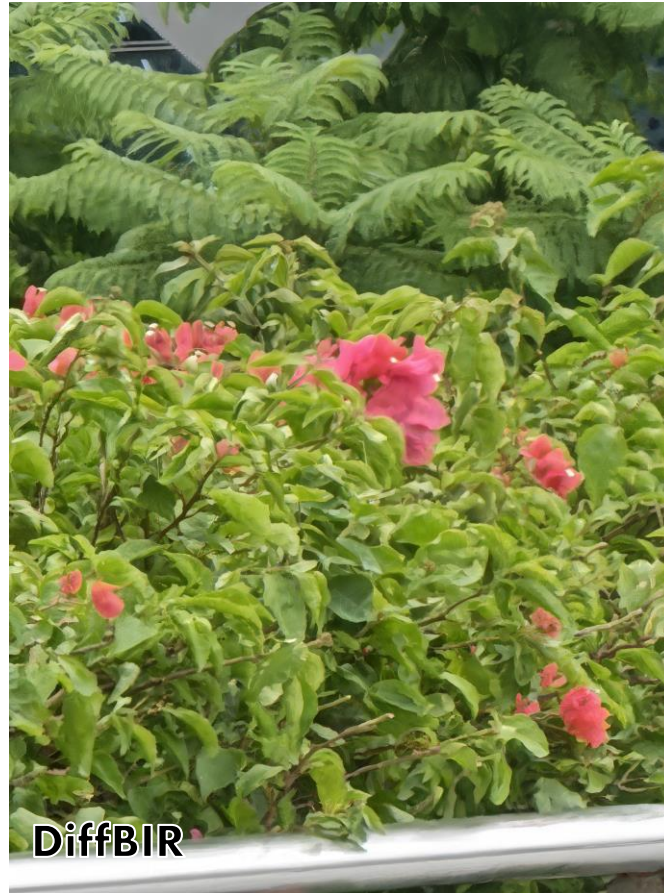
Method: degradation prompt



Results

- ▶ Model trained on **synthetic** data but testing on **real data**

Results – mobile phone SR



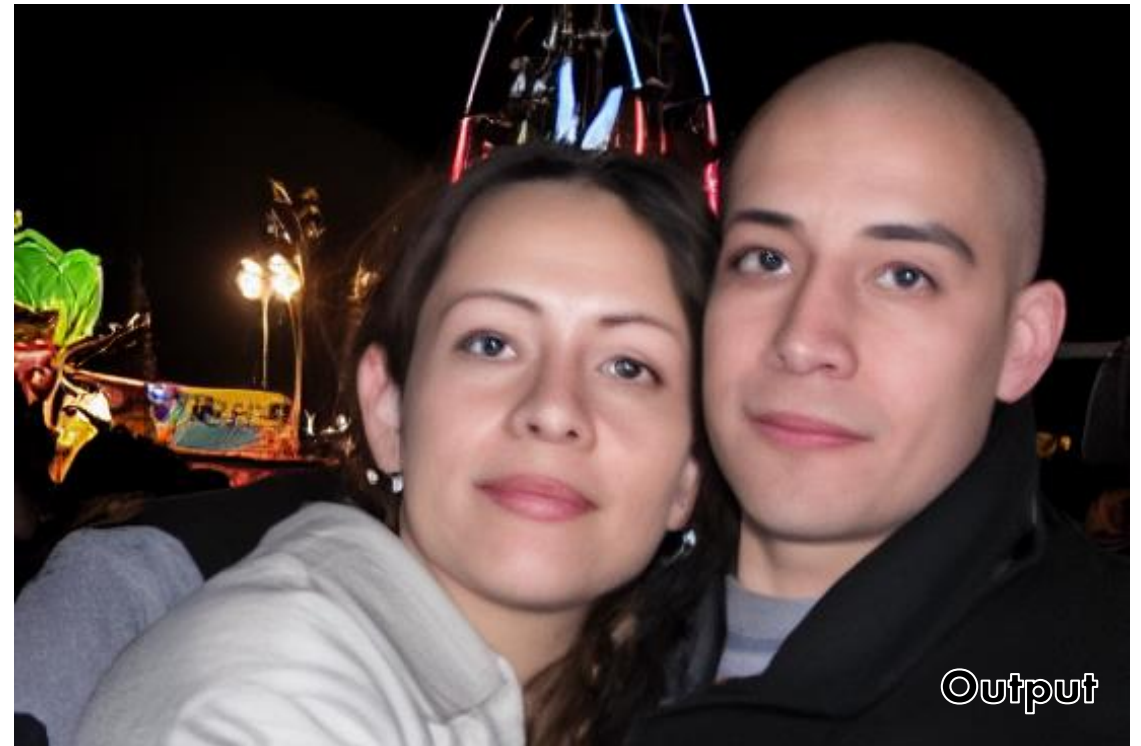
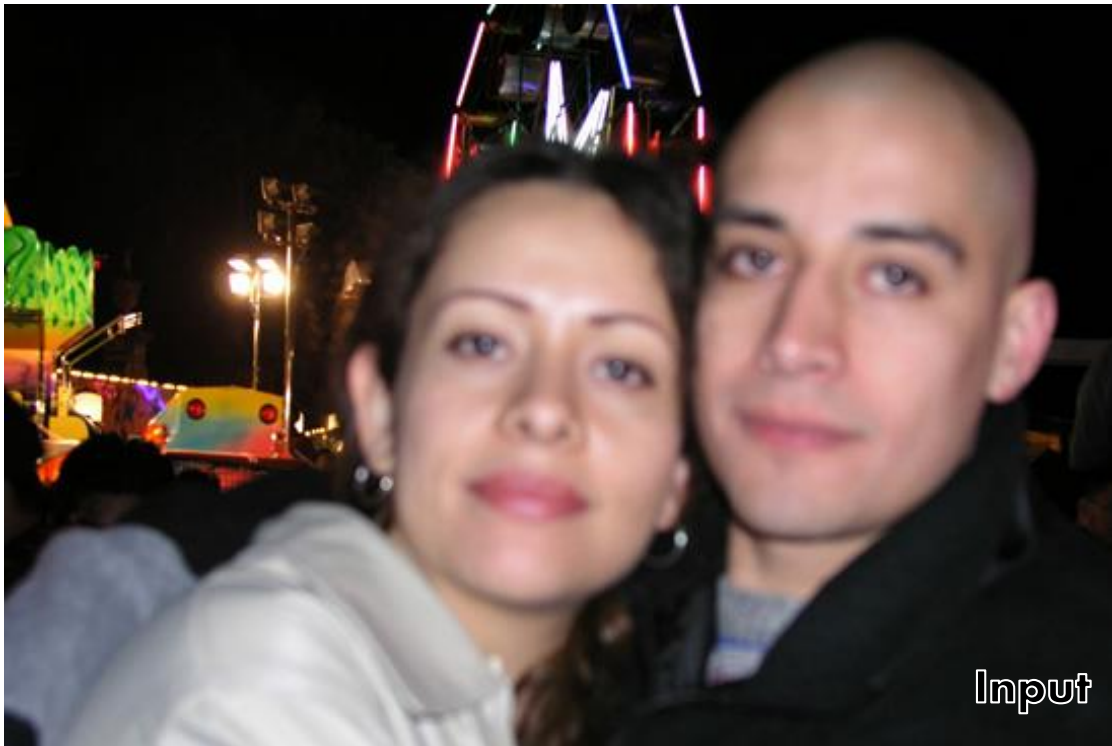
Results – mobile phone denoising (SIDD)



Results – rendering denoising



Results – out-of-focus deblurring



Results – motion deblurring

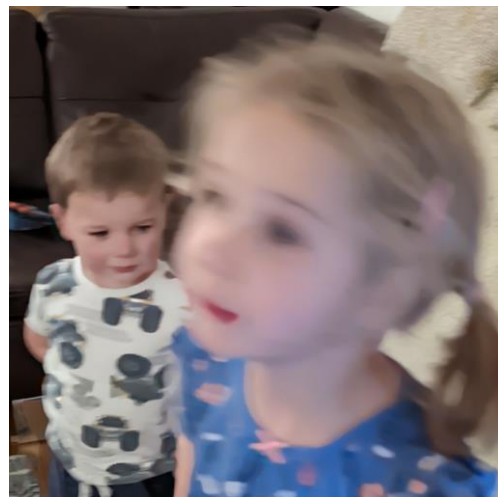
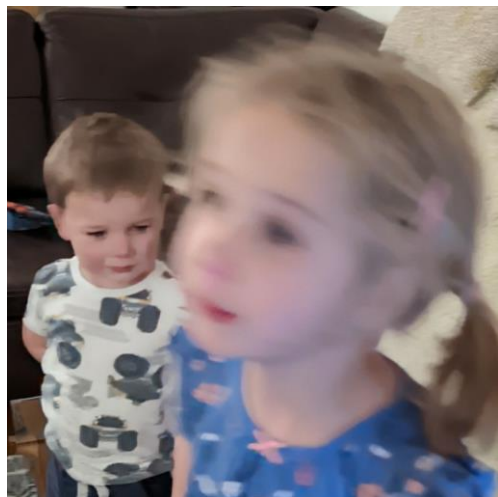
Input

DeblurGANv2

MPRNet

Burst

Lai, SIGGRAPH'22



SwinIR

Codeformer

StableSR

Ours - SR

Ours - Deblur

Results – controllability



Input

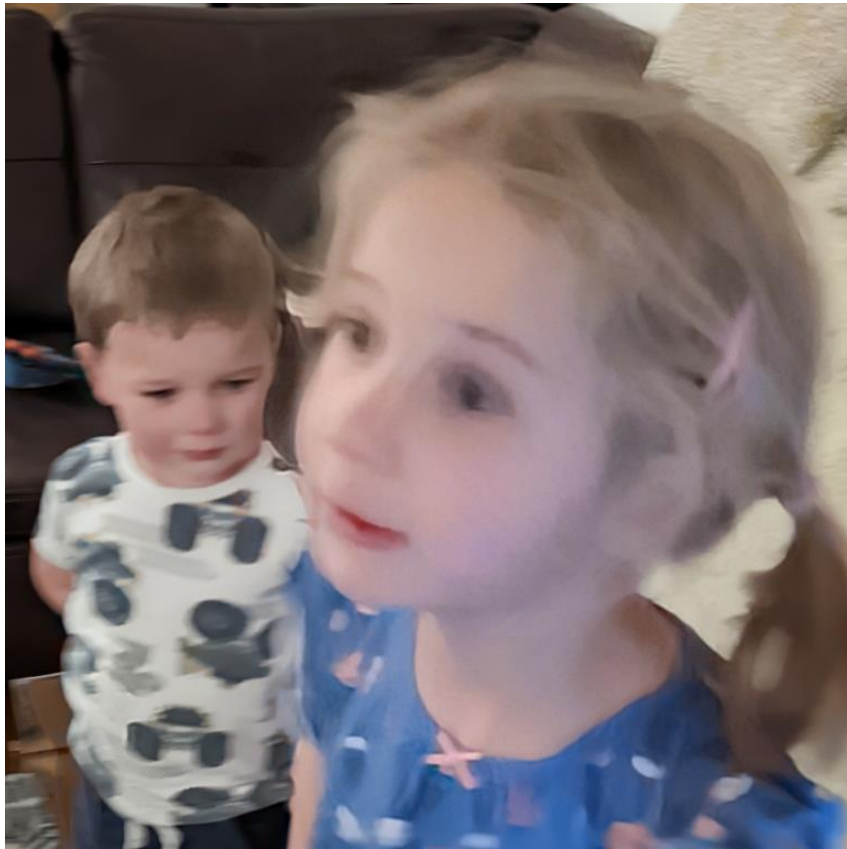


Deblur X20



Deblur X40

Results – controllability



Input

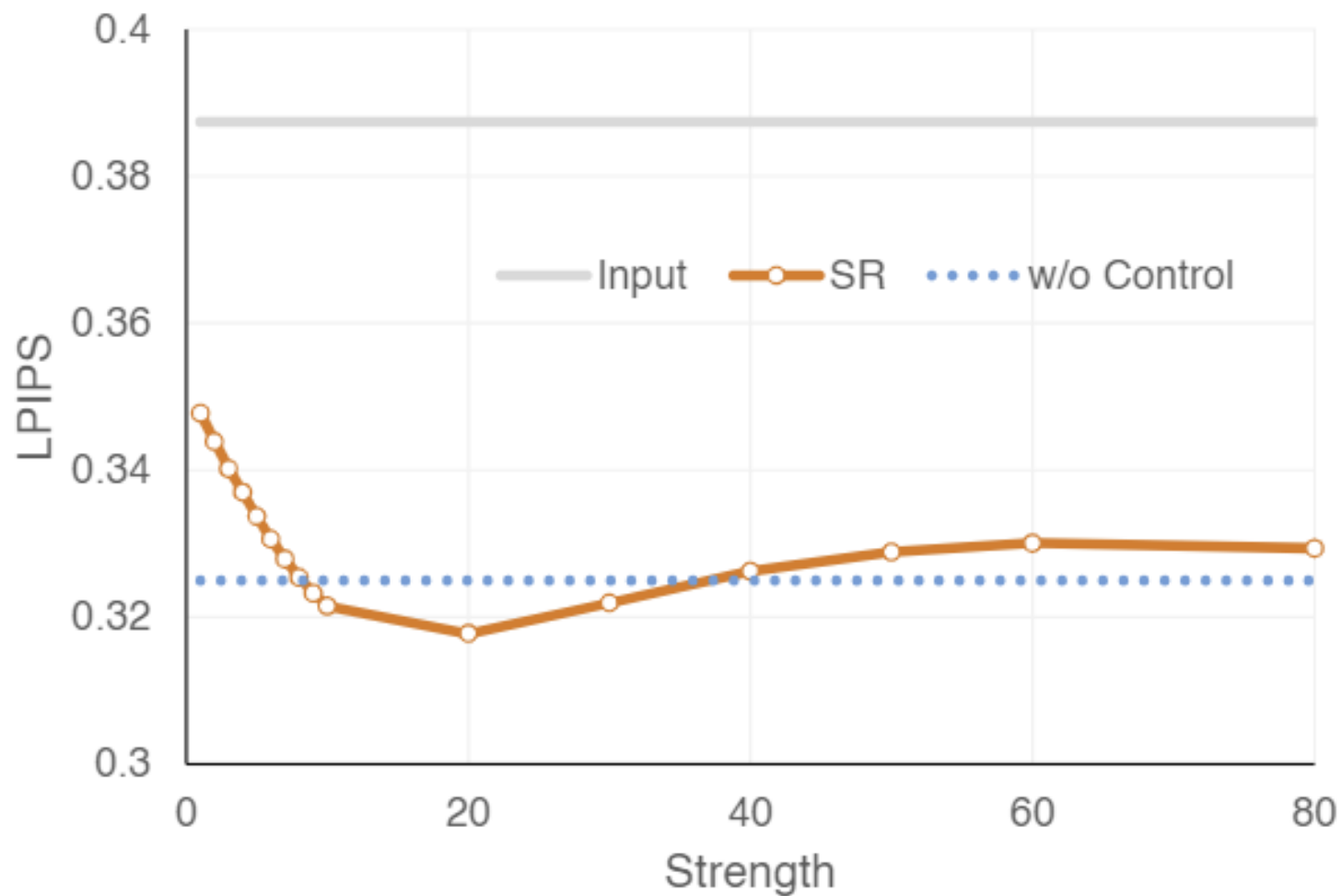


SR X3



SR X16

Results – controllability



Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions

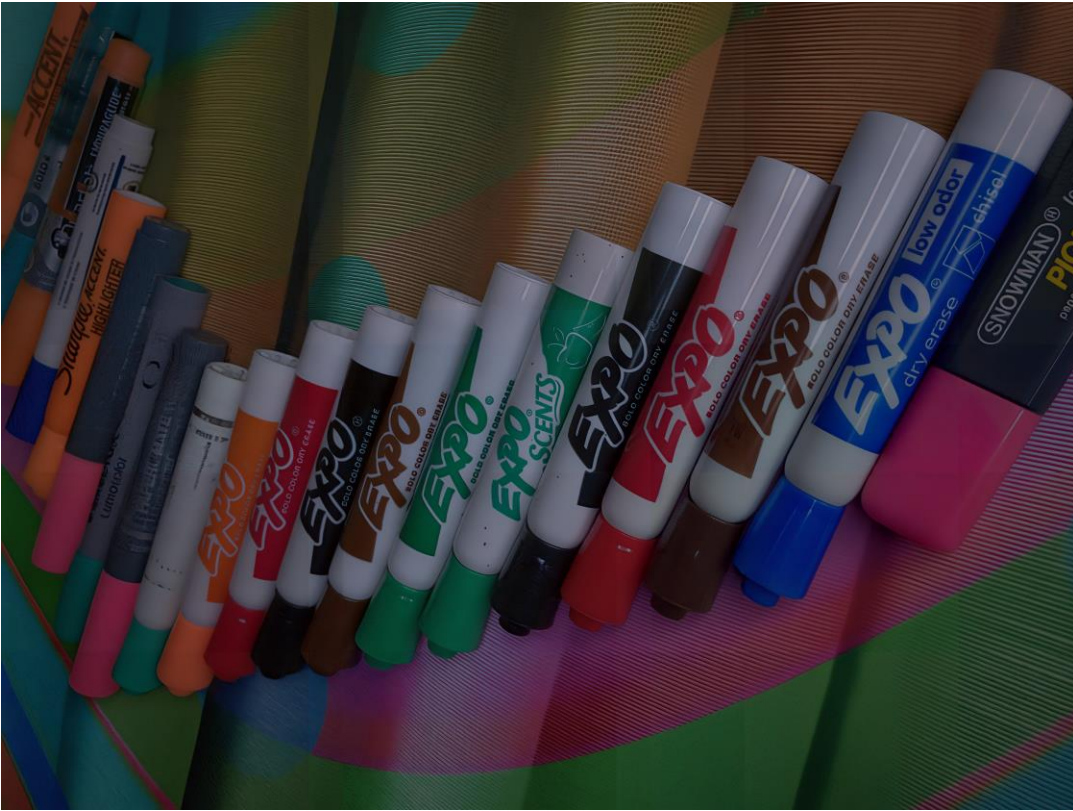


StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR

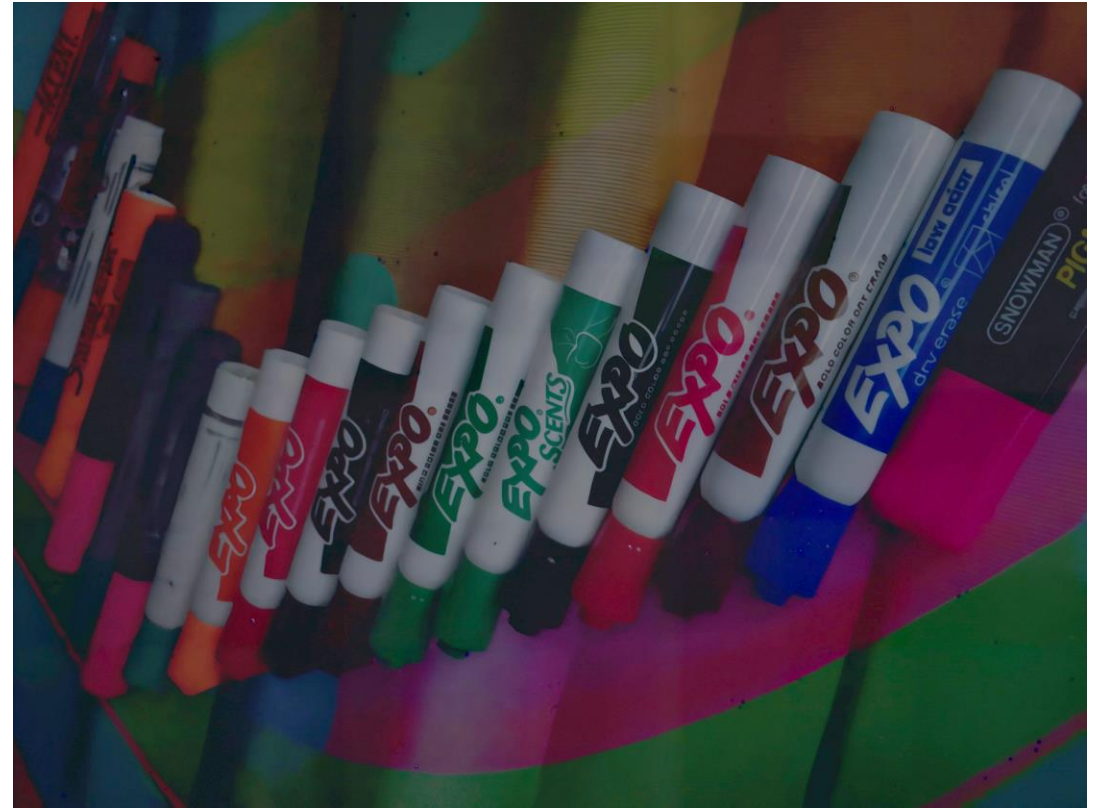


Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions

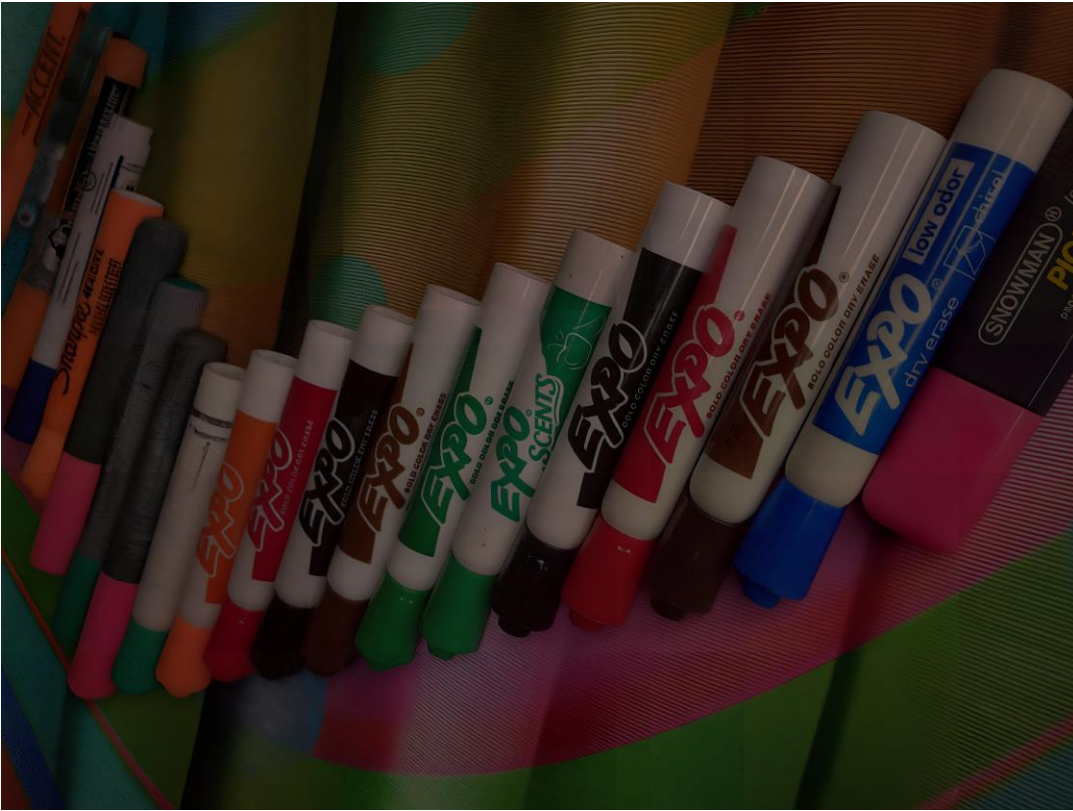


StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions

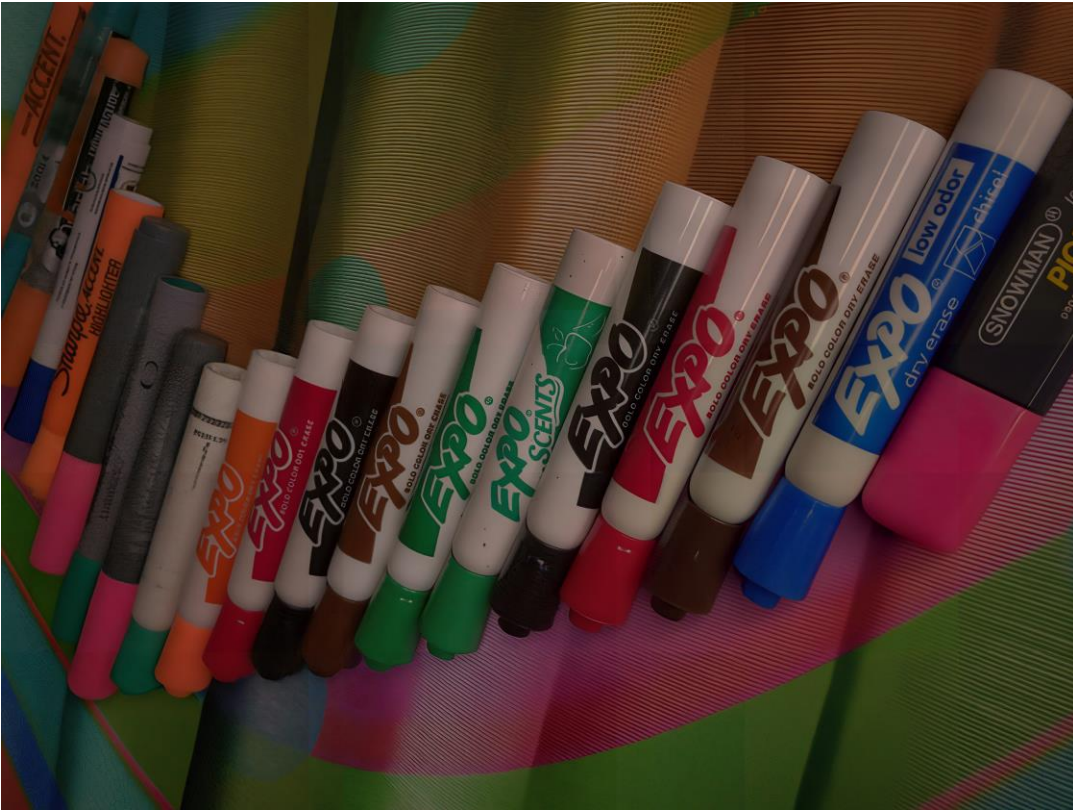


StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR

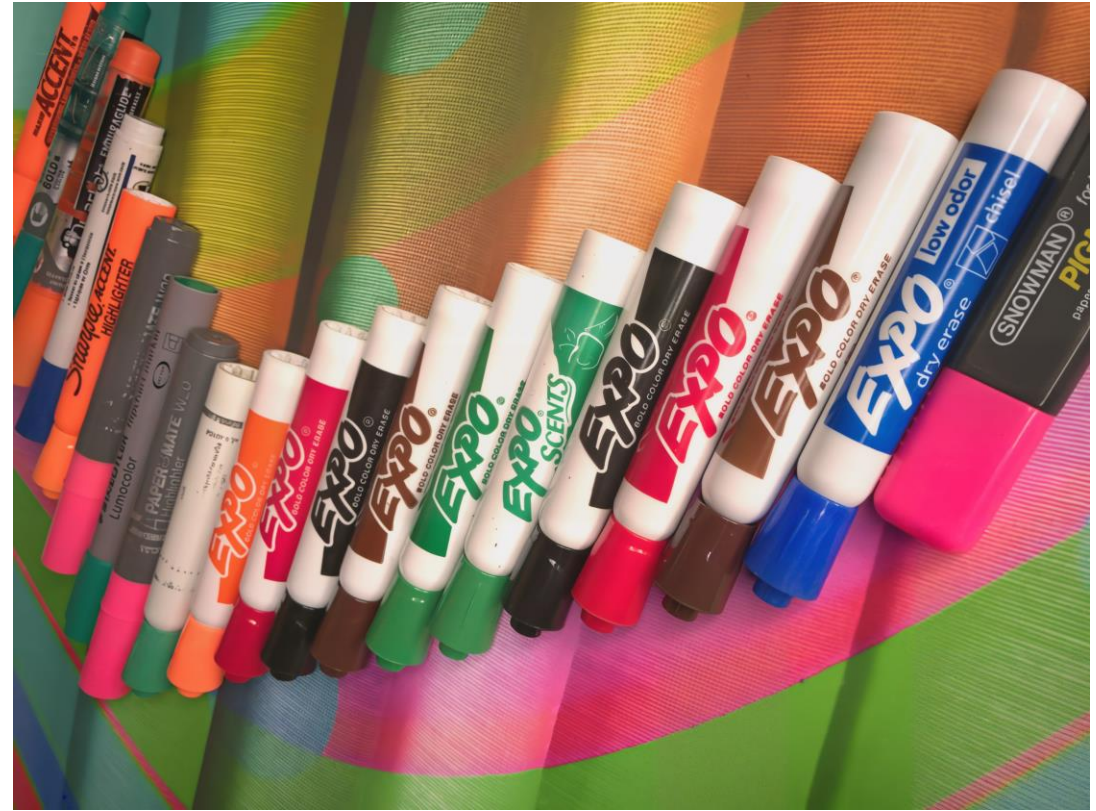


Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions

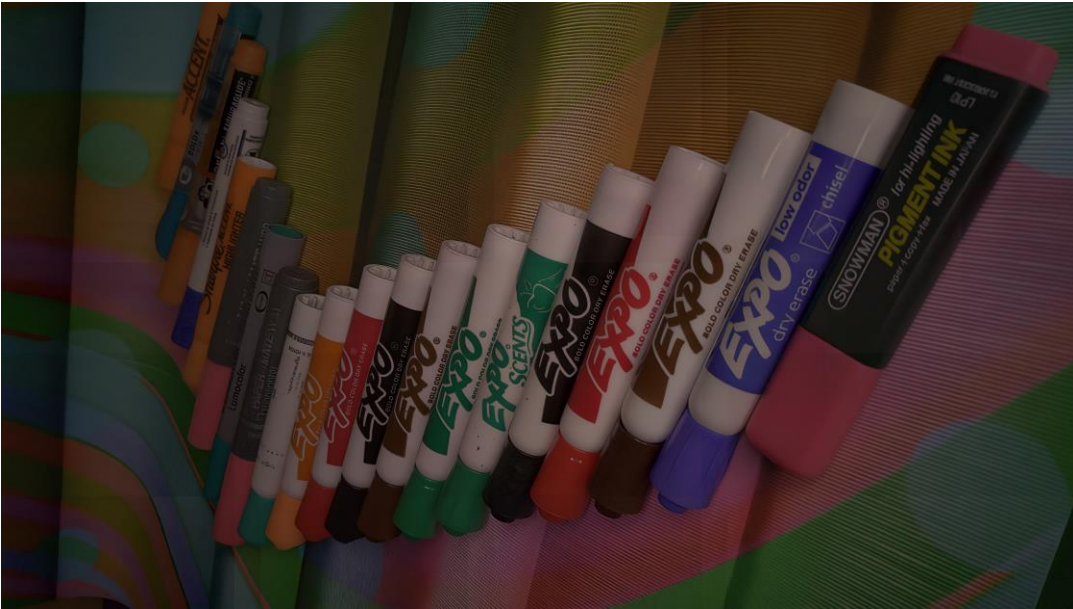


StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions

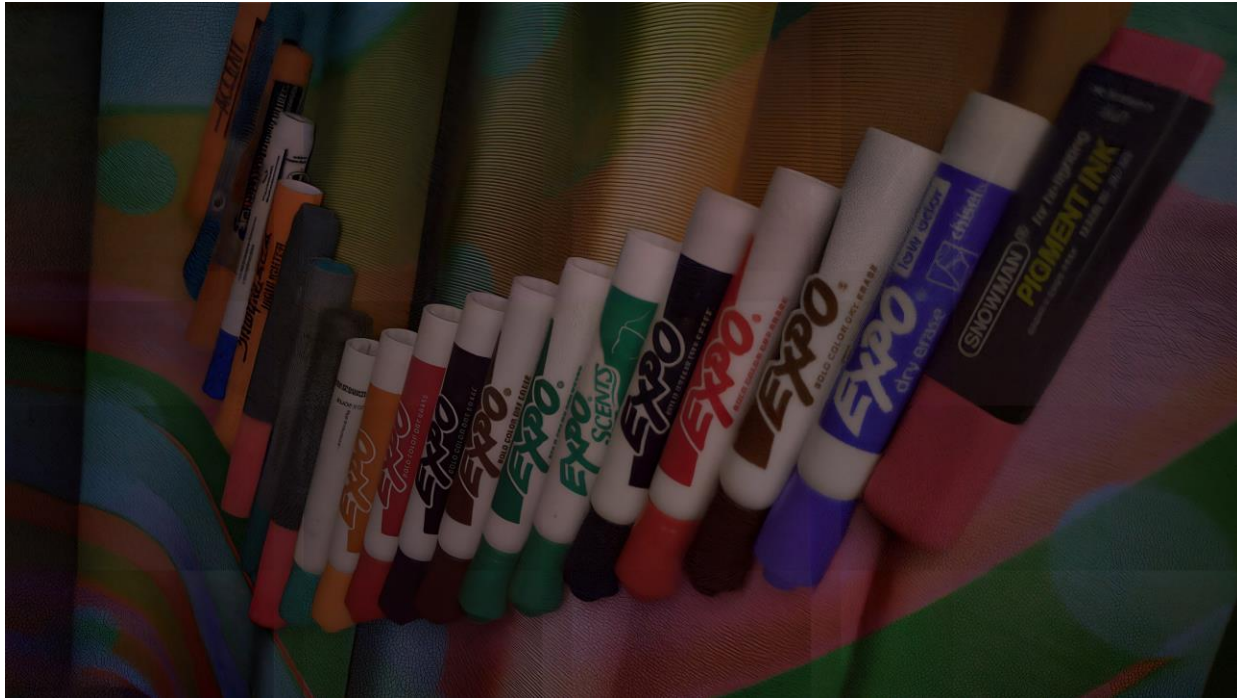


StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR



Ours

Results – different input imaging conditions



StableSR



Ours

Take home messages

- ▶ Challenge but opportunities
 - ~~▶ Inconsistency caused by patch processing~~
 - ▶ When the noise not totally removed, noise → inaccurate texture
 - ▶ **Ongoing**: increase the synthesis noise level





Take home messages

- ▶ Challenge but opportunities

- ~~▶ Inconsistency caused by patch processing~~

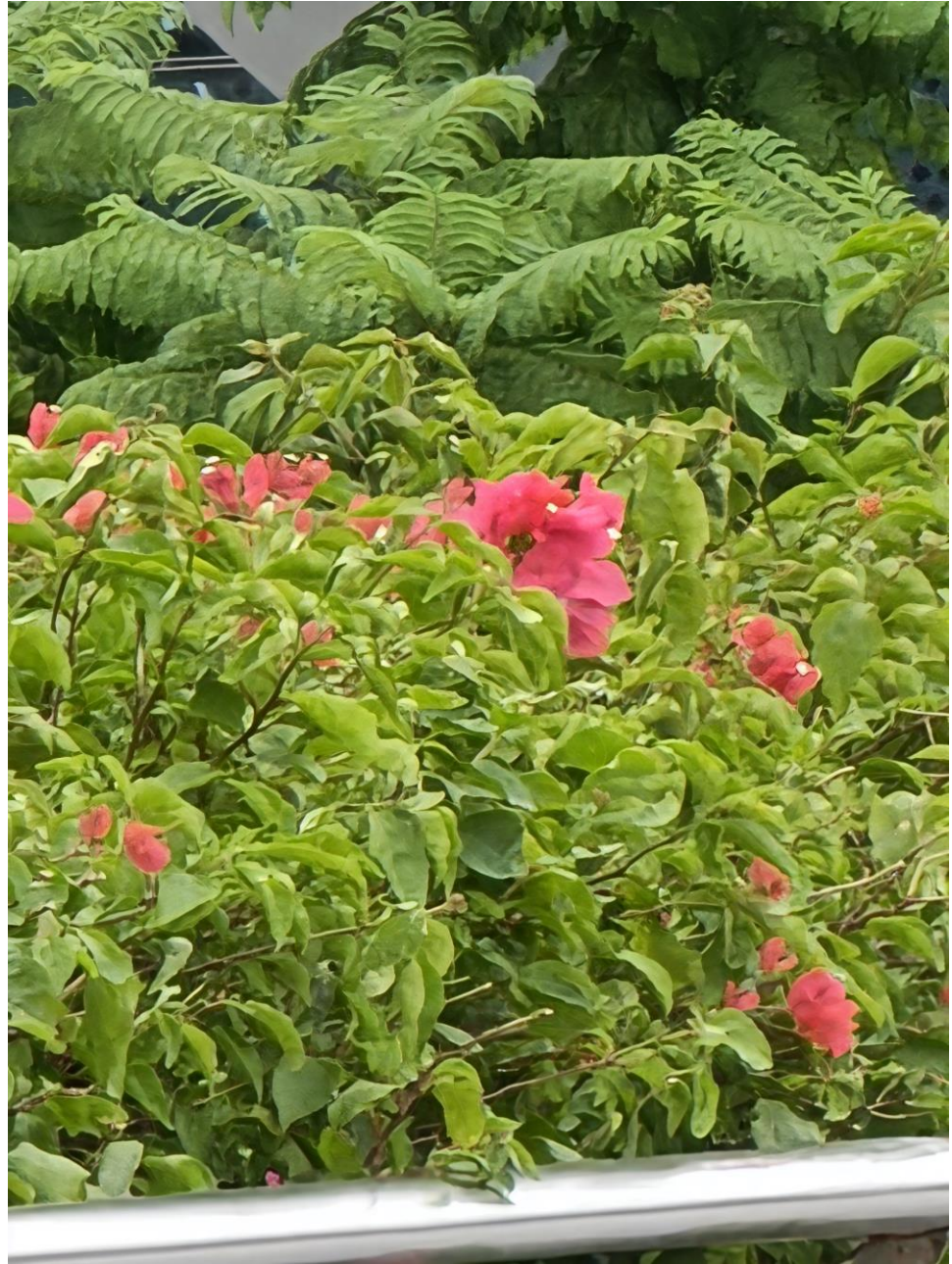
- ▶ When the noise not totally removed, noise → inaccurate texture

- ▶ Ongoing: increase the synthesis noise level

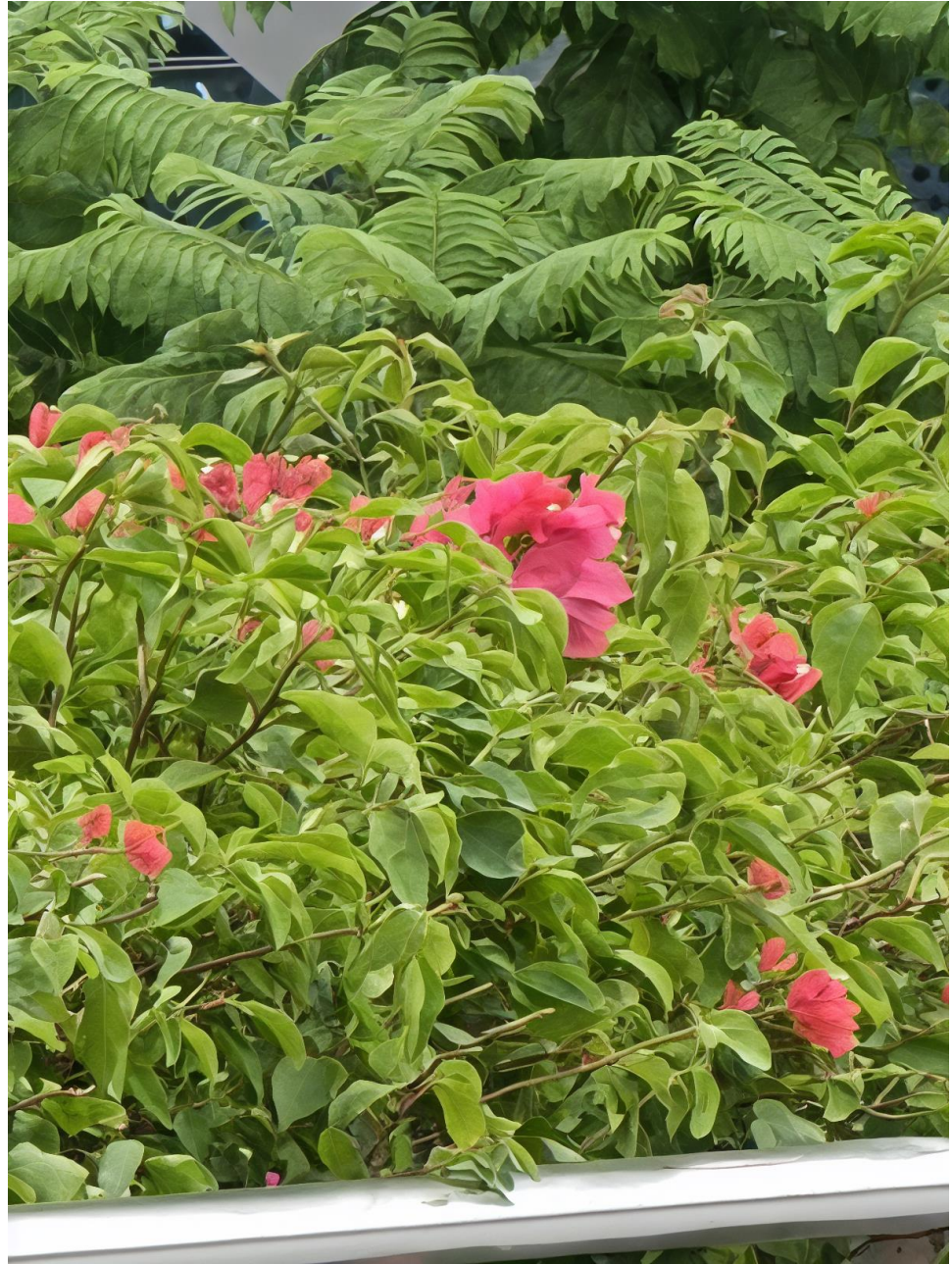
- ▶ Frequency control



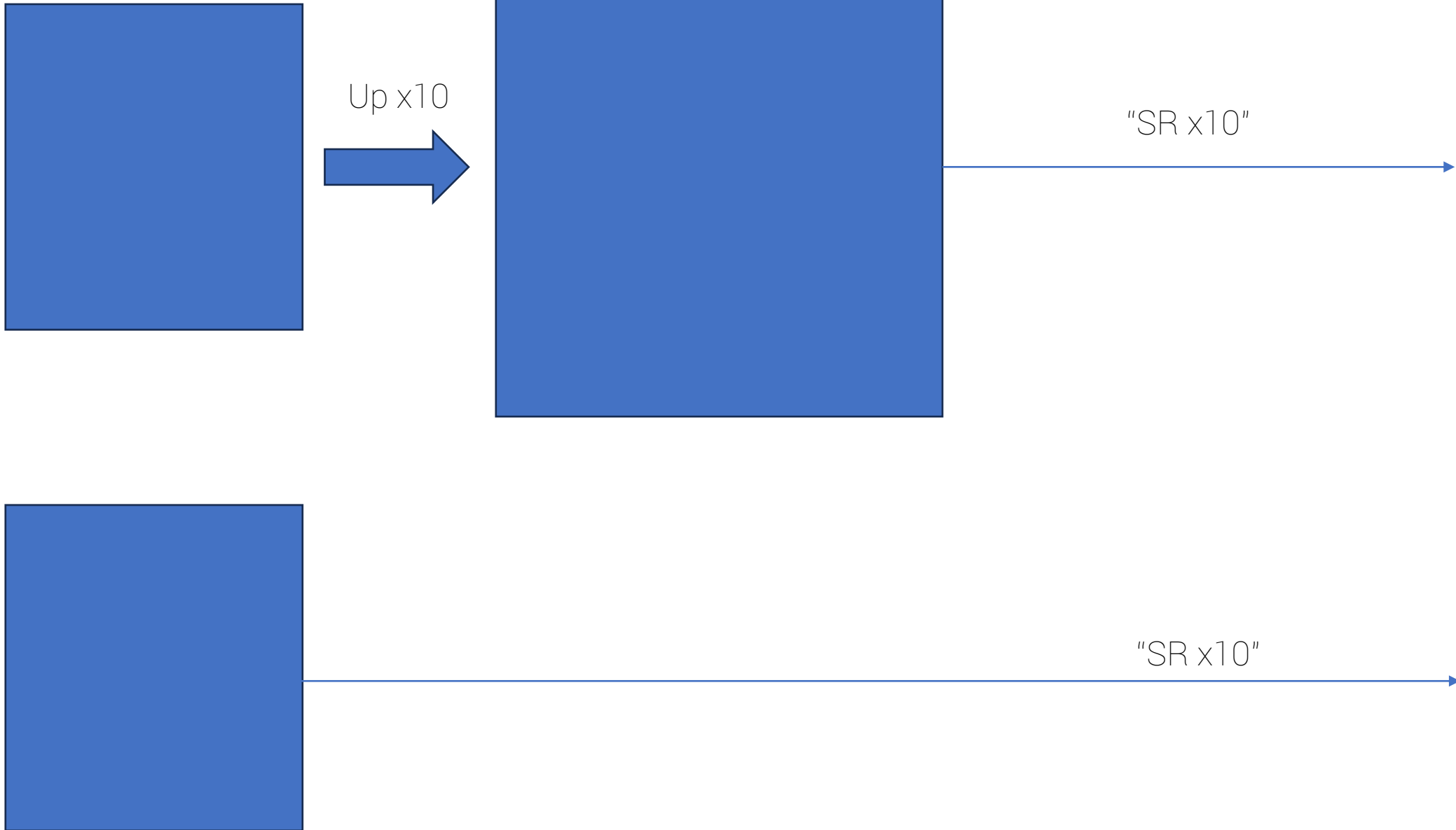
Input



sr60-up4-cfg11



sr60-up2-cfg11



Take home messages

► Challenge but opportunities

~~► Inconsistency caused by patch processing~~

► When the noise not totally removed, noise → inaccurate texture

► Ongoing: increase the synthesis noise level

► Frequency control

► Uniform → Non-uniform restoration

► Synthetic gaussian is hard for real deblur

► Need different manipulation level, like dehaze

► Regional controllable

► Guidance

► Layered

► Processing time of patch-based method

► **TODO:**

► Structural content, like text

► Continuous representation